1

CORRESPONDENCE FILE

CLASS B

File No. AFD 120 FEN 60

MYSORE GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT

Department of A & F.

Section Forests

Subject:— Tibetan Refugees – Allotment of 3000 acres land in Periyapatna Tk.

FEN/NOT FOR NOTE BOOK
UNDER SECRETARY

for Under Secretary to Govt.

A
1/4/04

ಅಂಚೆಚೀಟಿ
ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಅಧೀನ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ,
ಅರಣ್ಯ, ಪರಿಸರ ಮತ್ತು ಜೀವಿ
ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಇಲಾಖೆ (ಅರಣ್ಯ-ಬಿ)

Mysore Government Secretariat

File No. FD 120 FNC of 1960.

[App. F. III 2

p. 1/c.

Serial No.

"Letter dt. 22.7.60 (No. 492-PMO/60) from the Prime Minister of India

p. 5/c.

1 Draft reply to the Prime Minister with a copy of the letter addressed to the Divisional Commissioner, Mysore is submitted for perusal.

Chief Secretary,
27-7-60.

2 C.M. 27/7

3 28/7

p. 9/c.

4 A reply received from the Divisional Mysore conveying a general opinion about the area is enclosed herewith. It will be seen from his note that the land is available: and also that clearing off it and bringing it into cultivation entails great difficulties. Sri Maurice Fryman who saw (he told me he had seen CM too) gave me to understand that money was no consideration and there were many good reasons why the Tibetan Refugees should be rehabilitated here at

Note.—Contn. Sheet

File No. of 195 . | Mysore Government Secretariat

Serial No.

11.37/58

lease on a temporary basis. We may agree to give about 3000 acres of land in this area subject to further surveys and determination of boundaries being carried out.

I suspect 5

that the CCO has not yet been consulted. It would appear however to me that Coorg has with him may well come later. The question at the moment would be whether generally the Govt. of Coorg would be generally willing to spare about 3000 acres of the Tibetan refugees in this area.

3782/6561

We may reply yes. We 6

may ask for an expert team to be sent down to discuss with our officers the lands & demarcation area wanted.

Mr R & Mr MOD may also 7

be consulted (Sd) 8/8 8) 9/8

CHIEF SECRETARY. No. 11.31 - 9 AUG 1960 GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

WD 04559—GPB—PZS—2,00,000—1958

Serial No.

MYSORE GOVT. SECRETARIAT
No 26-0135/60
10 AUG 1960
G. A. D. (COUNCIL SECTION)

9 Discussed in the Cabinet Meeting to-day. It was decided that the willingness of the Government of Mysore to spare an extent of about 3,000 acres of land for the rehabilitation of Tibetan refugees, be conveyed to the Prime Minister.

10 Note:- The question of grant of lands to landless people of the area was pressed. It was decided that immediate action be taken to assess the number of such people and to allot other available lands in the same area to the maximum extent possible after consultation with the concerned Departments

For confirmation.

(Chief Secretary)
10-8-60.

11 C.M. 11/8

× p. 15/c.
Linked with File RD 52 LGM 57.

12 Draft of D.O. letter to the Prime Minister as approved by the Chief Minister, is placed in the file.

13 This file may please be referred to P. S. to the Chief Minister, for issue of the D.O. letter over the signature of the C.M., and after issue to remit the file to the Revenue Dept. for taking further necessary action.

11.8.60.

T. R. Satish Chandran,
Deputy Secretary GAD.

Letter to Shri Jawaharlal Nehru P.M. of India has been issued from this office
3816/60-61
11-8-60

DS 8674
11/8

SECRETARY
No 15132
MYSORE

Note.—Contn. Sheet

P. S. to C.M.

Confidl

14) 16/8 CM 16/8 13/8 W/S D. 17/8
Dy Secy GAD) 17/8

Secy RD

File No. of 195 · 10056 R (B)

Mysore Government Secretariat

Serial No.

Memo RD 52 LGHS 57 not received within section

As desired by Sri E Kamtharam of the CM's Office, the file is herewith sent.

17/8/60.

MYSORE GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT N 10,056 17 AUG 1960 REVENUE

15

(Sd) CM

17/8

N. VENKATAGIRIRAJU Under Secy. Rev. Dept.

P.M.'s expeditor dt. 15.8.60.

16

Draft reply (of MFS) for approval & signature; as instructed.

Rev. Os 17/8

CM.

V.S 2833/61. 17-8-60.

17) The draft letter to Shri Jawaharlal Nehru Prime Minister New Delhi has been approved by CM and returned to this office.

Rev/s. Rev.

P. 21/c.

3987/60 61

Urgent 18/8

18

Let RD see & meet Revenue Min.

MYSORE GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT No. Rev 8361 18 AUG 1960 REVENUE DEPARTMENT

CHIEF SECRETARY No. 12 22 AUG 1960 GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

19/8

19/8

19

OFFICE OF THE MINISTER FOR REVENUE No. 2658 20 AUG 1960 BANGALORE.

20) Bring this up when I go to Mysore this Saturday

20/8

20/8

22/8

22/8

REVENUE SECRETARY No. 15420 20 AUG 1960 GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

	Serial No.	
p.21/c.	21)	Letter No.P.S.104/60, dated 22nd August 1960 from the Divisional Commissioner, Mysore, to the Chief Secretary to Govt. of Mysore.
p.25/c.	22	Letter No.104/60, dated the 30th August 1960 from the Divisional Commissioner, Mysore, to the Chief Secretary to Government of Mysore.

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23 The question of release of lands for

(a) the Tibetian refugees; and

(b) the local landless people of Periapatna taluk

was discussed to-day with the Minister for Forests. The extent of land required for the Tibetian refugees is about 3,000 acres excluding the area required for village sites, amenities, roads etc. That required for the landless people of the area would be approximately equal very to the extent of about 3,000 acres. From the proposals now made before us, it is seen that it is proposed to release Acres 586 and 25 gunthas of Kailaspura State forest and Acres 1,436 and 11 Gunthas of Arali Kumari village in addition to Acres 347 and 11 Gunthas of revenue land out of Handi Gudda Kaval.

24 All this is cleared land, that is, land which was cleared in connection with the operations of the Jayashri Textiles and the West Pakistan refugees for whom the land was originally intended. The Handi Gudda Kaval land which is also notified as the tell area measures Acres 1,943, of which Acres 643 is unfit for cultivation; and the net extent of land available will be Acres 1300. The total extent of land available would, therefore, be Acres 3,504 and 37 gunthas, which would meet the requirements of the Tibetan Refugees as assessed during my recent meeting at Delhi with the Officers of the External Affairs Ministry.

Note.—Contn. Sheet

Serial No.

25 In addition, it is proposed to release Acres 3,226 and 72 Gunthas of land belonging to the Revenue Department for the landless poor of the area. In making this allotment, it is the desire of the Minister for Forests that State forests in Gollrhosahalli measuring about 332 Acres and 22 Gunthas should not for the moment be given out for cultivation until its irrigational potentialities are known and this extent has been excluded.

mis the be gaper

26 The Minister for Forests was definitely reluctant to give out any more forest land for cultivation as we have already become sub-standard in this respect. Keeping, however, the needs of the homeless refugees and of the poor landless people of the area, he said, he would be willing to release the extent mentioned above, provided there would be no objection to afforest an extent of 3,000 acres which may now be revenue land and which has been handed over to the Jayashri Textiles. This ought to be easily possible. The C.C.F. and the Divisional Commissioner, Mysore, may, in consultation with each other, fix the area that would be suitable for afforestation, keeping in view the contiguity to the existing forest blocks and other factors.

3160 Rm

27 I would request approval of the Minister for Forests to these arrangements proposed above, namely, (i) to release Acres 3,500 of forest land in Gollrhosahalli and Kailasapura forest and in Handiguddakaval village; and (ii) to the afforestation after surrender of the revenue land of approximately equal area of land whereaver available on the revenue side.

Abelikumari

REVENUE DEPARTMENT No. 6646 12 SEP 1960 GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

OFFICE OF THE MINISTER FOR FOREST & TRANSPORT No. P-899 10 SEP 1960

(28) M(Forests) M R Rao

C.S. (10/9/1960) (29) Rev. to say to discuss

AFD-120 FGN 60 10056 R(CR) Tibetan Refugees

Mysore Government Secretariat

File No. of 195 .

[App. F. III 2

Serial No. 30

The matter was discussed with M(R). The proposals as approved by the M(F.& T) may be agreed to.

Secy., R.D.
12-9-60.

(31) 15/9

M.(R)

32 Pr Recd CM

33) 19/9

34) CS Over to issue Secy AR F) 21/9

D.S)

USF) XXX 21/9 22/9/60

35

36 The draft G.O. put up at page 33/c, 25 & reference to the orders in paras 23 to 29 may kindly be ~~issued~~ approved. After issue the file will be submitted to the CM.S.

28/9

37) Revised typed draft is put up for kind ...

28/9 1/10.

Secretary) 1/10

2/5 1/10.

38) Pl. Draft issue orders. Keep in abeyance till tomorrow

3/10

Note.—Contn. Sheet

OFFICE OF THE MINISTER FOR REVENUE No. 3173(a) 15 SEP 1960 BANGALORE

CHIEF SECRETARY No. 21 15 SEP 1960 GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

CHIEF SECRETARY No. 19 SEP 1960 GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

AGRICULTURE & FOREST SECRETARY No. 6922 21 SEP 1960 GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

DEPUTY SECRETARY TO GOVT. No. 9662 21 SEP 1960 AGRICULTURE & FOREST DEPTT.

MYSORE GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT No. 88 22 SEP 1960

DEPUTY SECRETARY TO GOVT. No. 16485 OCT 1960 AGRICULTURE & FOREST DEPTT.

AGRICULTURE & FOREST SECRETARY No. 7196 1 OCT 1960 GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

File No. 120 F-CM of 1960.

Mysore Government Secretariat

Serial No. 1648/F

39) orders may now issue
C.S.'s instructions on Place
VSF)

Issued on 7.10.60

40

Orders have been issued and also the texts received were taken delivery of by the D.C. Mysore. RD may be requested to return their files along with the files of the Agri. Dn and Forest file may be returned to us as orders were issued on this file.

41

A7D1207GN60
A7D1757AC60

7.7.0. Compliance

42

RD)

Rev-B-Bn

43

R.D file 52LGM57 is retained. This may be retransmitted to A7D.

RD 52LGM57

Sri. H.B.R. Please a cover to return this.

MYSORE GOVT. 1441 31 OCT 1960 REVENUE BRANCH

2775 REVENUE

Mysore Government Secretariat

AFD 120 FGN 60

File No. of 195 .

[App. F. III 2

10

Serial No.

For orders whether the file be closed and sent to Records as we have issued order releasing 3504-37-0 acres for the rehabilitation of the Tibetan Refugees.

9/11/60.

For perusal & orders

close 10/11/60.

10/11

B

10/11/60

Note.—Contn. Sheet

4

सत्यमेव जयते

CONFIDENTIAL

No. 492-PMO/60.

New Delhi,
22nd July 1960.

My dear Jatti,

I had a visit this morning from Maurice Frydman whom I have known for the last 25 or 30 years when he used to live with Gandhiji. Frydman brought me a letter from the Dalai Lama and made a proposal about the settlement of Tibetan refugees in a part of Mysore State.

Thus far we had not thought at all of sending any of the Tibetan refugees to the South as this was considered unsuitable climatically. But I must confess that Frydman's proposal seems very attractive and offers a solution of a problem that has been troubling us a good deal.

I understand that Frydman has seen you and discussed this matter with you. Further that you were agreeable to his proposal if the Government of India backed it. Frydman then went to the Dalai Lama and discussed this proposal with him. The Dalai Lama has written to me expressing his approval also.

I suppose you know all about this proposal made by Frydman. Briefly, it is that the land roundabout Fraserpet which has been forest land in the past but a part of which has been cleared up should be used for the settlement of Tibetan refugees. This is at over 3000 ft altitude and about 3000 acres have thus far been cleared. There was a talk of settling refugees from Pakistan there but apparently this fell through. The climate, though very mild from Tibetan standards, would nevertheless be suitable. There is water and electricity available. The soil is good for agriculture and specially wheat, pulses, oilseeds, groundnuts, tobacco, etc. as well as perhaps for some varieties of cotton. Also for vegetable and fruit growing. Probably it is not quite so suitable for paddy unless there is some irrigation. It is possible to breed cattle and sheep.

Timber is locally available for houses. The area is almost free of inhabitants.

All this indicates that this area would be peculiarly suitable for these Tibetans. It is not good to spread them out in a large number of places and it would be far better for them to live together in some kind of a community life. They are mostly agriculturists and they would like

contd....

to have land. No one knows how long they may have to stay in India. We must presume that their stay is more or less indefinite.

I shall be grateful if you will let me know soon if you are agreeable to this proposal. If you are generally agreeable, then we shall send an officer from our External Affairs Ministry to have a look at this place and discuss the matter with you further.

Subject to this, we would suggest your leasing this land to the Government of India on condition that if the Tibetans go away in the future, the land would revert to the Mysore Government. We shall, of course, bear all the expenses for necessary development of this land for the purpose aimed at. Probably it would be better if your Government did this work on our behalf and charged us for it.

I am not writing to you at greater length now because, first of all, I should like to have your approval of this broad scheme. As soon as that comes, we shall go ahead in greater detail and discuss matters with you.

Yours sincerely,

Jawaharlal Nehru

Shri B.D. Jatti,
Chief Minister of Mysore,
Bangalore.

To be read in the cabinet.
26/7

B. D. JATTI,
Chief Minister.

N Ch.S.373/50.

"VIDHANA SOUDHA,"
BANGALORE-1,

Dated..28th July...1950

Revered Panditji,

Sub:- Tibetan refugees -Allotment of 3000 acres of land to Maurice Frydman for agricultural purpose.

With reference to the above, I write to state that the Government of Mysore is prepared to co-operate in this humanitarian endeavour for Rehabilitation of the Tibetan refugees. The availability of land and its suitability for the purpose before us is being urgently considered and I shall advert to this subject matter very shortly.

With pranams.

Yours sincerely,

(B.D.Jatti)

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru,
Prime Minister of India,
New Delhi.

N.S.HIRANNAYYA, I.A.S.,
Chief Secretary to Government.

14 7

MYSORE GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT,

Bangalore, dated.....195 .

D.O. No. Ch.S. 372/60

EXTREMELY CONFIDENTIAL AND NOT TO BE PASSED ON TO THE OFFICE.

My dear Sri Vasudeva Rao,

I enclose herewith the extract of Confidential letter by the Prime Minister of India to the Chief Minister. This relates to a proposal about the settlement of Tibetan refugees in a part of Mysore State. Kindly spare your time to inspect the spot immediately you receive this letter and let me have your views by return post. It need not be added that the idea of your inspection of the site need not be made known to anybody. I need not say that this matter should be kept extremely confidential. This letter should not be passed on to your office, but should be dealt with by you personally.

Yours sincerely,

Received 25/7/60

Shri M.Vasudeva Rao, I.A.S.,
Divisional Commissioner,
Mysore Division,
MYSORE.

[Confdl
D.O Letter No. P.S. 104/60-61
of 3.8.60 received from
Sri M.V. Dvl commr x/ref up.]
— cby 5/8.

M. VASUDEVA RAO, I.A.S.
Divisional Commissioner,
Mysore Division, Mysore.

15 9

Dated..3rd. August '60.

D.O. Letter No. P.S.104/60-61

Confidential

To be opened by Shri N.S.Hirannayya, I.A.S.,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore

Dear Shri Hirannayya,

Kindly refer to your D.O. No. Ch.S.372/60-61 dated 28th July 1960 enclosing an extract from the confidential letter No. 492-PMD/60 dated 22nd July 1960 from the Prime Minister of India to the Chief Minister of Mysore.

2. The spot suggested for the settlement of Refugees from East Pakistan was inspected by me on 2-8-1960.

3. Location:- The area suggested is situated on Mysore-Frazerpet (Kushalanagar) road at a distance of about 54 miles from Mysore City, 12 miles from Periyapatna (Taluk Headquarters) and about 3 miles from Frazerpet Town. The river Cauvery, which serves as a natural boundary between the Mysore District and the Coorg District, is also the western boundary for a portion of the area. The area consists roughly of two blocks - (i) consisting of reserved forests and (ii) consisting of certain becharak (abandoned) villages, where the forest and jungle have grown for the last 60 or 70 years. The village areas are as follows:

1.	Girigur ..	385-00	acres
2.	Doddahosur ..	700-00	"
3.	Aralikumari ..	1,376-00	"
4.	Kailasapura ..	547-00	"
5.	Gollarahosahalli	313-00	"
6.	Maradipura ..	467-00	"
7.	Sunkadahalli ..	302-00	"
8.	Doddahonnur ..	162-00	"
9.	Thirumalapura	761-00	"
	Total	5,013-00	"

The forest area being about 6,400 acres are as follows:

The State Forest area of:-

p.t.o.

The State Forest area of :-

1.	Handiguddakaval ..	1,984	acres
2.	Basavanayeni ..	1,564	"
3.	Doddaharave Forest	1,375	"
4.	Lingapura ..	1,375	"
	Total	6,427	"

4. Rainfall:- The average rainfall is about forty inches, monthly distribution being somewhat as follows:

May ..	11.8	inches
June ..	6.52	"
July ..	8.32	"
August	2.30	"
Sept. ..	0.12	"
Oct. ..	9.40	"
Nov. ..	3.27	"

5. Climate: The height of the land is about 3,000 feet above the sea level. The climate is cool and in this area there are seven to eight villages where about 2,500 acres of private land is cultivated with ragi, rain-fed paddy, cotton, tobacco, horsegram and ~~cereals~~ pulses.

6. Out of the 5,000 and odd acres of becharak village land, about 2,500 acres have been cleared of timber as well as fuel trees. The land is almost clear except for the usual forest type undulation. There are, of course, stumps of trees, bushes and scrub jungles, which could be easily cleared and the land could be brought under cultivation. The remaining 2,500 acres consists of both timber and fuel trees, which are possibly about equal in extent. Considering that for the last two years about 2,500 acres have been cleared, in the normal course it will take a couple of years to clear the remaining 2,500 acres.

Irrigation facilities:- There are a few irrigation tanks but these have gone out of use and are

silted...

(continued)

silted up. So far as the 6,400 and odd acres reserved forest is concerned, this is more thickly wooded and perhaps contains about 60% timber and 40% fuel trees. These areas have been left - untouched so far. Since all these 11,400 acres are cultivable lands and are surrounded by forests, there is considerable nuisance from wild animals and it has been usually found easier to grow non-edible crops like tobacco, cotton and of course some attempts are made to grow ragi and pulses. But, attempts to grow potatoes and sweet potatoes have not been successful, in view of the wild boars depradations.

8. Before the area could be taken up for cultivation it will be necessary to provide house sites settlers where they could live, roads and drinking water wells. When the estimates were prepared for settling East Pakistan refugees, it was thought that provision of about 30 wells and main roads would cost at least Rs.3,00,000/- At present rates, it is likely that the cost will be much more, since as you know, even for buildings in Mysore City, quotations are anything from 30 to 60 per cent over the estimated cost. This work, I need hardly say, will have to be taken up first before the question of settlement could be actively considered. With regard to the clearance of the jungle growth, the experts from the Central Tractor Organisation had come and made a survey. It was thought that the cost per acre might be anything between 300 to 400/- apart

from...

from the additional cost of about Rs.2,00,000/- at least to provide temporary accommodation for the machines etc. It was also found that a number of culverts etc., on K.R. Nagar to Frasadhal Road would have to be widened and improved. Ultimately, it appears that the scheme of reclamation by the Central Tractor Organization was given up. I am not more optismistic to-day about the Central Tractor Organization being in a position to clear the jungle either quickly or cheaply.

9. If the data above, and the crops to be grown as suggested are likely to be attractive to the settlers, a Special Officer could be appointed, as was done last time, to work out the full details. It will, of course, be necessary for the Engineers etc., to make more detailed surveys. Due to the rains we found that the cart tracks were full of slush and water and the tracks were not even jeepable. Therefore, I could hardly enter into more than a couple of miles inside the cleared territory. It is only after October that it would be possible to take up a more detailed survey. It will also be necessary to set up Survey parties to divide the land into big and small blocks, so that settlers could be allotted definite pieces of land to rehabilitate them.

Yours sincerely,

K. Sanjeeva Rao

Shri N.S. Hirannayya, I.A.S.,
Chief Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
Vidhana Soudha,
Bangalore-1.

13 19

DRAFT FOR APPROVAL.

10th August 1960.

D.O.No.

Confidential

Revered Panditji,

Sub:- Tibetan refugees - Allotment of 3000 acres of land to Maurice Frydman for agricultural purpose.

Since I last wrote to you, I have had the matter examined in some detail. I am happy to apprise you of the willingness of the Government of Mysore to spare about 3,000 acres extent as we referred to in your letter ~~of the~~ area for rehabilitation of Tibetan refugees.

The exact location of the Colony and other details connected with ~~the~~ its formation, would naturally have to be settled in due course. Further action in this behalf will be taken after receipt of ~~the an final~~ the official communication from the Government of India. I need not add that the Government of Mysore has the fullest sympathy for this humanitarian cause.

With Pranams.

Yours Sincerely,

(B.D.Jatti).

Cut above & issue

11/8

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru,
Prime Minister of India,
New Delhi.

20 15

VS 2785

13th August 60

Revered Panditji,

Sub:- Tibetan refugees - Allotment of 3000 acres of land to Maurice Frydman for agricultural purpose.

Since I last wrote to you, I have had the matter examined in some detail. I am happy to apprise you of the willingness of the Government of Mysore to spare about 3,000 acres extent in the area referred to in your letter for rehabilitation of Tibetan refugees.

The exact location of the Colony and other details connected with its formation, would naturally have to be settled in due course. Further action in this behalf will be taken after receipt of the official communication from the Government of India. I need not add that the Government of Mysore has the fullest sympathy for this humanitarian cause.

With Pranams.

Yours sincerely,

Sd/-

(B. D. JATTI)

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru,
Prime Minister of India,
New Delhi.

17 21

PRIME MINISTER'S HOUSE
NEW DELHI

Confidential

No.1778-PMH/60

August 15, 1960

My dear Jatti,

Some time ago, I wrote to you about a proposal to settle Tibetan refugees in a small forest area of Mysore, not far from Coorg. You sent a brief reply to me saying that you would enquire into this matter and let me know. Could you inform me if the proposal I made to you, is likely to be accepted by your Government. Details can, of course, be worked out later. We are anxious to go ahead with this matter if it is possible.

Yours sincerely,

Jawaharlal Nehru

Shri B. D. Jatti,
Chief Minister of Mysore,
Bangalore.

Confidential

17th August 60

Revered Panditji,

Subject: Tibetan refugees - Allotment of 3000 acres of land to Maurice Frydman for agricultural purpose.

--

I just received your Confidential D.O. letter No. 1778-PMH/60 dated 15th August 1960 on the above subject. I am to inform you that I have submitted my reply in letter No. V.S. 2785 dated 13th August 1960. A copy of my letter is enclosed for your kind perusal.

With "Pranams",

Yours sincerely,

(B.D. Jatti)

-- Shri Jawaharlal Nehru,
Prime Minister of India,
NEW DELHI.

M. Vasudeva Rao, I.A.S.,
Divisional Commissioner

MYSORE

Dated 23rd August, 60

D.O, No.P.S.104/60

CONFIDENTIAL

To be opened by Shri N.S. Hirannayya, IAS.,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore

Dear Shri Hirannayya,

Sub: Reservation of 3,000 acres of land in Periyapatna Taluk

Ref: D.O. No. Ch.S.372/60 dated 28th July 1960

I have to invite kind reference to letter No.RD.LAD 60 dated the 11th August 1960 from the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, (Copy enclosed) stating that, as there are large extents of lands available in Periyapatna Taluk instructions may be issued to the Special Assistant Commissioner for Darkhasts disposal, Mysore, to ~~dispose~~ take up distribution work, as early as possible and to forward a compliance report to Government. It is presumed that Revenue Department's letter includes the 3,000 acres of land proposed for the purpose and therefore I request you kindly to confirm that the proposal made in your D.O. letter No.Ch.S.372/60 dated 28-7-60 is treated as dropped and that 3,000 acres in Periyapatna taluk need not be reserved.

A very reply is solicited.

Yours sincerely,

M. Vasudeva Rao
23/8

Shri N.S. Hirannayya, I.A.S.,
Chief Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
Vidhana Soudha,
Bangalore.

No. RD.1 LAD.60

Mysore Government Secretariat,
Bangalore, dated the 11th Aug.60

From

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore
Revenue Department.

To

The Deputy Commissioner,
Mysore District, Mysore.

Sir,

Sub:- Distribution of Government Waste land - Periyapatna Taluk - Mysore District.

As there is a lot of Government waste land available for distribution to landless people in Periyapatna taluk, I am directed to request you kindly to issue necessary instructions to the Special Assistant Commissioner for Disposal of Darkhasts, Mysore, to take up distribution work, as early as possible and forward a compliance report to Government.

Yours faithfully,

Sd/- M. Venkatagiri Raju)
Under Secretary to Government,
Revenue Department.

Copy to: 1. The Divisional Commissioner, Mysore Division.

Copy

M. VASUDEVA RAO, I.A.S.,
~~SRIXGxNxNAGARAJAxRAOxMxSxxIxAxSx~~
Divisional Commissioner.

MYSORE,
Dated. 30th. August 1960.

25 25

D. O. No. P.S.104/60-61

CONFIDENTIAL

Dear Shri Hirannayya,

I am requesting Shri Muddalingiah, our Special Assistant Commissioner for Disposal of Darkhasts, Mysore and Mandya to go over to Bangalore with the maps, as desired by you on Sunday. A separate map has been prepared for the land to be handed over to the Tibetan Refugees. It was considered desirable that the other lands available for allotment should not be shown in this. A separate map will be prepared showing the areas proposed to be allotted to the local landless and insufficient-holder residents. It may be stated that the lands coming under irrigation and lands suitable for paddy have been reserved for local residents, since we feel they will be better able to cultivate paddy than the refugees. I am also requesting Shri Muddalingiah to take a Mojinidar along with him so that if any changes, alterations or extra copies of the maps are desired by you, they could be got done there at Bangalore on the 31st.

2. You will recall that it was proposed to hand over a compact block consisting of Arlikumbri, Kailasapura, Gollarhosahalli and a nearby portion of Handigudda Kaval (Gulledahalla forest) for settlement of refugees. Although timber and fuel trees have been felled in Arlikumbri, Lakshmipura and Gollarahosahalli, stumps are remaining, as you noticed during your visit. There are also shrubs and bushes, which will have to be cleared before cultivation could start. In the 1,300 acres in Handigudda Kaval however no clearing has been done at all. It appears that the District Forest Officer informed our Special Assistant Commissioner Shri C. Muddulingiah that it would take about a year to remove the

the timber and fuel trees from Handigudda Kaval. This point will have to be borne in mind before making any definite commitments regarding the settlement of the refugees. I am also of the opinion that unless drinking water wells are sunk in the area and it is made certain that potable water is available, it will not be practicable for settlers to reside in that area. It, therefore, appears that works for roads, wells etc., will have to be undertaken well in advance, perhaps a year before the settlers could actually come over and stay. At least wells will have to be completed in advance of their coming.

Yours sincerely,

K. Hanumaiah
30.8.60

Shri N.S. Hirannayya, I.A.S.,
Chief Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
Vidhana Soudha,
Bangalore.

Ch 453 to Ch. 469 to one

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CONFIDENTIAL

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Mysore Government Secretariat,
Bangalore, the 5th September 1960.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

A meeting will be held on Friday the 9th September 1960 at 3 p.m. in the Chambers of the Chief Secretary at Vidhana Soudha to consider the following question:

"Settlement of about 3,000 Tibetan Refugees in certain areas of Hiriyapatna Taluk."

D is enclosed

A note on this subject will follow very shortly. In the meantime, the Officers noted below are requested to attend the meeting without fail accompanied by Officers having jurisdiction over the Mysore District so that instructions which are decided upon on the spot, are understood by local agencies immediately. The matter should please be treated as extremely important and they should attend the meeting without fail.

The receipt may please be acknowledged.

(N. S. RAMAYYA)
CHIEF SECRETARY.

The Divisional Commissioner, Mysore.
The Chief Engineer (General)
The Chief Engineer, Minor Irrigation.
The Director of Public Instruction.
The Commissioner for Land Records, Survey & Settlement
The Director of Medical Services,
The Director of Public Health.
The Chief Conservator of Forests,
The Director of Agriculture.
The Director of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Services.

If possible, the Agriculture Engineer may also be asked to attend the meeting.

CONFIDENTIAL

NOTES FOR THE MEETING ON 9TH SEPTEMBER 1960

REVENUE & FOREST:

The status of the area of 3,000 and odd acres of which about 2,400 acres represent cleared land formally given to the Jayashri Textiles; about 1,200 acres represent the area to be released from Gullehalla State Forest. Action to be taken for surrender of the necessary area.

REVENUE & PUBLIC HEALTH:

Location of colonies for 5 batches of 100 settler families in 5 different areas.

COMMISSIONER FOR SURVEY & SETTLEMENT:

Survey of the entire area, demarcation into 5 acre plots leaving sufficient space for formation of village roads, amenities etc.

MINOR IRRIGATION:

Resmtoration and repairs of small tanks including the area to be released.

CHIEF ENGINEER (GENERAL)

1. Formation of roads, (kutcha, for the present) to serve merely agricultural purposes; to link up different parts of the 3,000 acre area with main roads.

2. Digging of the necessary drinking water wells.

3. Construction of a School building.

4. Construction of a Primary Health Unit.

DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE:

1. A crop plan for the area;

2. Supply of seed and fertilisers.

3. Supply of agricultural implements.

DIRECTOR OF ANIMAL HUSBANDRY & VETERINARY SERVICES:

1. Supply of bullocks, cows, sheep and (pigs?)

CHIEF CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS:

Clearing of the balance of forest forest land in the already cleared area and in the Gullehalla block. Estimate of cost. How far the man power of Tibetan refugees can be used for this purpose.

...2

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC HEALTH:

Establishment of Primary Health Centre.

DIRECTOR OF MEDICAL SERVICES:

Extension of the Fraserpet Hospital.

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:

Establishment of Basic School, teaching Tibetan upto High School standard; arrangements for teaching Kannada for the Tibetan refugees.

REVENUE:

1. Organisational set-up to ensure early disposal of all questions in connection with the settlement.

2. Phasing of the settlement itself, i.e., how many families of refugees to be brought and at what time.

3. Most important - arrangement for a Reception Camp at Mysore for about 100 families at a time; transport from Mysore to the settlement area;

4. Arrangement for housing the first batch of about 100 refugees to be accommodated in tents; Kutcha house for others.

5. Estimate of material required and cost.

In carrying on this work, an estimate for each item should be prepared. The Government of India is very particular that these estimates should be in their hands by about the 20th of this month. Very quick action has to be taken to see that these estimates are got ready immediately and sent up to the Divisional Commissioner, Mysore, who will compile and send them on to the Chief Secretary by the 20th.

5-9-1960
(N. S. HIRANNAYYA)
CHIEF SECRETARY.

M. G. S. App. F VI—G. 2]

SUBJECT.....Orders disforestment of ~~about~~ 3500 acres of forest land from various state forests in Periyapatna Taluk, Mysore Dist. for the rehabilitation of Tibetan Refugees in India.

Diary No. of letter replied to.....

Mysore Government Secretariat

( )

the 195 .

Date of issue.....195 .

Signed by.....

May this be—
(i) printed?
(ii) treated as a Standing Order?
(iii) published in the Gazette, English Part?
(iv) translated?
(v) placed at the disposal of the Press?
(vi) published in the Gazette, Kannada Part?

Section

Serial No.

File No. AFD 120 FGN 60.

Proceedings of the Government of Mysore

~~Read— (1) Correspondence ending with the letter No.1778-PMH/60 dt.15-8-60 of the Prime Minister of India.~~

~~(2)~~ Correspondence ending with letter No.P.S.104/60-61 dt.30-8-60 of the Divisional Commissioner, Mysore Division, Mysore.

Order thereon.—No. The question of rehabilitating ~~settling~~ the Tibetan Refugees in certain part of the Mysore State has been under the consideration of Govt. for some time past in consultation with the Govt.of India. The Govt. of India and Mysore are anxious that this question should be given fullest consideration and sympathy possible, necessitated by humanitarian grounds and the urgent need to rehabilitate these unfortunate people who were forced out

p.t.o.

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of their country, homes and hearths, kith and kin and their fellowmen, so that they can lead a contented and honourable life commensurate with their racial, religious and cultural inheritance. In pursuance of the ~~high traditions of hospitality of the people of Mysore vis-a-vis~~ India ~~and in deference to the~~ wishes of the Govt.of India, it was felt ~~irresistible and in turn most~~ desirable by this Govt. that these people should be given an opportunity to develop themselves along with their Indian brethren and accordingly it is now agreed that a colony should be established in Periapatna Taluk to settle a part of these people, about 3000 in number, who have sought refuge ~~of the people of~~ in Mysore.

In keeping with the wishes ~~and sincere anxiety~~ of the Govt.of India and the need to help the Tibetan Refugees in India, in their struggle for a honourable living,

List of Enclosures.

Copied by

Examined by

M. G. S. App. F. G. 3]

MYSORE GOVERNMENT

SECRETARIAT.

(Continuation sheet draft form).

~~Govt, after~~ After careful ~~and great~~ consideration of all ~~the facts of the~~ aspects of the subject ~~question~~, Govt is pleased to direct that ~~the areas and their extents in Periapatna Taluk, the areas~~ areas in Periyapatna Taluk cleared originally in connection with the operations of the Jayasree Textiles and ~~were intended for the rehabilitation of~~ the areas intended for the rehabilitation of the West Pakistan Refugees, ~~for whose the land was originally intended~~ ~~comprising in all about~~ and other areas as shown below limiting ~~3,500-0-0 acres, as shown below should~~ the total extent to 3504-37 acres be surrendered immediately to the R.D. for being assigned for the purpose of forming a colony, village sites amenities and roads etc., for the rehabilitation of about 3,000 Tibetan nationals, subject to the conditions that the lands revert to the Govt. in the A.&.F.D. when either it is ~~not~~ no longer required for the purpose ~~said~~ mentioned above or the Tibetans leave for their country and such other conditions as ~~may~~ may be stipulated by the R.D.

WD-05448-GPB-PZS—90,000-27-9-56

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Area.	Extent.
1) Kailasapura State Forest -	586-25
2) Aralikumari village.	1,436-11
3) Handigudda Kaval.	1,300-00.
4) ~~Other areas of Forest.~~ Revenue land of Handigudda Kaval	347-11 ~~177-04~~
Total area.	~~3,500-00~~
	+ 3670.07

(x) This area excludes 643 acres out of the total extent of 1943 acres of this Kaval ~~which~~ is unfit for cultivation

out of this, the surrender is limited to 3500 acres as mentioned above

In all an extent of 3,500 ~~acres~~ +4 (three thousand five hundred acres) should + 37 gunta be released from out of the State Forests + Rev lands as stated above, in Periapatna Taluk of Mysore District.

Govt. have however agreed to this release of forest lands provided ~~there~~ there would be no objection to afforest an extent of approximately equal area under the control of the R.D., ~~and which had been handed over to the Jayashree Textiles of Calcutta.~~ It is therefore further directed that the Chief Conservator of Forests, Bangalore and the Divisional Commissioner, Mysore Division, Mysore, may in consultation with each other, fix the area that would be suitable for afforestation, keeping in view the contiguity to the existing forest blocks

M. G. S. App. F. G. 3]

MYSORE GOVERNMENT

SECRETARIAT.

(Continuation sheet draft form).

and other factors.

The CCF is ~~therefore accordingly~~ requested to ~~muster all the administrative machinery available~~ to clear the uncleared areas, if any, in the region ordered to be released and make such expeditious ~~and such other~~ arrangements as are necessary in the matter, ~~depute special staff if need be~~, to demarcate the lands etc., and surrender the land to the R.D. with the utmost urgency pending publication of the disforestment notification.

The C.C.F is requested to take immediate needful action in the matter

By Order etc.,

U.S.to Govt.,
A.&.F.Dept.

To

The CCF
The RD
The Divl.Commr.Mysore Dn. Mysore.

Copy to
1) The P.A.to the C.S.
2) The F.D.
3) The W.G.

28/9/60.

WD-05448-GPB-PZS—30,000-27-9-56

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M. G. S. App. F VI—G. 21

3,504-37-0

SUBJECT Orders disforestment of ~~3500~~ acres of forest land from various state forests in Periyapatna Taluk, Mysore Dist. for the rehabilitation of Tibetan Refugees in India.

Diary No. of letter replied to

Section

Serial No.

File No. AFD 120 FGN 60.

Mysore Government Secretariat

( )

the 195 .

Proceedings of the Government of Mysore

Date of issue 7.10.60 195 .

Read— Correspondence ending with letter No.P.S.104/60-61 dt.30-8-60 of the Divisional Commissioner, Mysore Division, Mysore.

Signed by

May this be—

(i) printed?

(ii) treated as a Standing Order?

(iii) published in the Gazette, English Part?

(iv) translated?

(v) placed at the disposal of the Press?

(vi) published in the Gazette, Kannada Part?

Order thereon:—No. The question of rehabilitating the Tibetan Refugees in certain part of the Mysore State has been under the consideration of Govt. for some time past in consultation with the Govt. of India. The Govts of India and Mysore are anxious that this question should be given fullest consideration and sympathy possible, necessitated by humanitarian grounds and the urgent need to rehabilitate these unfortunate people who were forced out of their

Some lands in this State should be set apart for this purpose

view that the

p.t.o.

country, homes and hearths, kith and kin and their fellowmen.

After careful consideration of all aspects of the subject, Govt.is pleased to direct that areas in Periyapatna Taluk cleared originally in connection with the operations of the Jayashree Textiles and the areas intended for the rehabilitation of the West Pakistan Refugees and other areas as shown below limiting the total extent to 3504-37 acres should be surrendered immediately to the R.D. for being assigned for the purpose of forming a colony, village sites, including all amenities like roads etc, for the rehabilitation of about 3,000 Tibetan nationals, subject to the condition that the lands revert to the Govt. in the A.&.F.D. when either it is no longer required for the purpose referred to above or the Tibetans leave for their country and such other conditions as may

List of Enclosures.

Copied by

Examined by

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M. G. S. App. F. G. 3]

MYSORE GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT.

(Continuation sheet draft form).

be stipulated by the R.D.

Names of villages.	Total Extent.	Kharab.	Net Extent available for cultivation.
1.Golkrhosahalli.	341-11	23-18	317-33
2.Kailasapura.	585-25	29-35	555-30
3.Aralikumari.	1,466-11	134-27	1331-04
4.Handiguddakaval. (Gulledahalla)	1943-00	643-00	1300-00
Total.	4336-7	831-10	3504-37

In all an extent of 3,504-37 acres (Three thousand five hundred and four acres and thirtyseven guntas only) should be released from out of the State Forests & Revenue lands as stated above in Periyapatna Taluk of Mysore District.

Govt.have however agreed to this release of forest lands provided there would be no objection to afforest an extent of approximately equal area under the control of the R.D. It is therefore further directed that the Chief Conservator of Forests, Bangalore and the Divisional Commissioner, Mysore Division, Mysore, may in consultation with each other, fix the area that would be suitable for afforestation, keeping in view the contiguity to the existing forest blocks and other factors.

WD-05448GPB-PZS-80,000-27-9-56

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The CCF is requested to take immediate needful action in the matter.

By Order etc.,

U.S. to Govt.
A&FD.

To,

The CCF
The RD
The Divl.Commr. Mysore Dn.Mysore.

Copy to

1. The P.A.to C.S.
2. The F.D.
3. The W.G.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Sub:- Orders - disforestment of 3,904-37-0 acres of forest land from various state forests in Periyapatna Taluk, Mysore District for the rehabilitation of Tibetan Refugees in India.

AGRICULTURE & FOREST DEPARTMENT.

G.O.No. AFD 120 FMM 60, Bangalore, Dated 7th October 1960.

Read:-

Correspondence ending with letter No.F.S.104/60-61, dated the 30th August 1960 of the Divisional Commissioner, Mysore Division, Mysore.

ORDER.

The question of rehabilitating the Tibetan Refugees in certain part of the Mysore State has been under the consideration of Government for some time past in/ consultation with the Government of India.

After careful consideration of all aspects of the subject, Government is pleased to direct that areas in Periyapatna Taluk cleared originally in connection with the operations of the Jayashree Textiles and the areas intended for the rehabilitation of the East Pakistan Refugees and other areas as shown below limiting the total extent to 3904-37 acres should be surrendered immediately to the Revenue Department for being assigned for the purpose of forming a colony, village sites, including all amenities like road etc., for the rehabilitation of about 3,000 Tibetan nationals, subject to the condition that/the lands revert to the Government in the Agriculture and Forest Department when either it is no longer required for the purpose referred to above or the Tibetans leave for their country and such other conditions as may be stipulated by the Revenue Department.

Name of villages.	Total Extent.	Kharab.	Net Extent available for cultivation.
1. Bollerhosahalli.	341-11	23-10	317-33
2. Kailasapura.	585-29	23-35	559-30
3. Arelikumari.	1,466-11	134-37	1,331-14
4. Handigadikaval (Gulledahalle)	1,943-00	643-00	1,300-00
Total.	4,336- 7	831-10	3,504-37

In all an extent of 3,504-37 acres (Three thousand five hundred and four acres and thirty-seven guntas only) should be

...2.

released free/out of the State Forests & Revenue lands as stated above.

Government have however agreed to this release of forest lands provided there would be no objection to afforest an extent of approximately equal area under the control of the Revenue Department. It is therefore further directed that the Chief Conservator of Forests, Bangalore and the Divisional Commissioner, Mysore Division, Mysore may in consultation with each other, fix the area that would be suitable for afforestation, keeping in view the contiguity to the existing forest blocks and other factors.

The Chief Conservator of Forests is requested to take immediate needful action/in the matter.

By Order and in the name of the
Governor of Mysore,

(H. Cheddappa)
Under Secretary to Government,
Agriculture & Forest Department.

To

The Chief Conservator of Forests in Mysore, Bangalore.
The Divisional Commissioner, Mysore Division, Mysore.
The Revenue Department.

Copy to:- 1. The Personal Assistant to the Chief Secretary.
2. The Finance Department.
3. The Weekly Gazette.

DV/7.10.60.

CHIEF CONSERVATOR'S OFFICE,

No. A2-(b)/(C)(S)/M2-11-226/48.
Encls. 2.

BANGALORE: DATED: AUG.,60.

To

The Chief Secretary to
the Government of Mysore,
B A N G A L O R E.

Through

The Secretary to Government,
Agriculture and Forest Departments,
B A N G A L O R E.

Sir,

Sub:- Release of lands originally given to Jayashree Textiles in Periapatna Taluk, Mysore District - Rehabilitation of Tibetans - visit of the Chief Secretary to Government on 28-8-1960.

....

I enclose herewith a copy of letter No.B.I. dated 29/30-8-1960 (in duplicate) of the Conservator of Forests, Mercara, along with the relative sketch for kind perusal. A copy of this letter has been handed over by me to the Deputy Secretary to Government, Agriculture and Forest Departments, yesterday.

Yours faithfully,

CHIEF CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS.

Copy handed over to me by cef.
Manager Development
N.P.

MYSORE GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT
NO. 9644
7 SEP 1960
FOREST BRANCH

Copy of letter No.B.1 dated 29/30th August, 1960 from the Conservator of Forests, Coorg Circle, Mercara to the Chief Conservator of Forests in Mysore, Bangalore.

****

Sub:- Release of Lands originally given to the Jayashree Textiles in Periyapatna Taluk, Mysore Taluk.

****

I write to state that the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore visited the above area on 28th August 1960. Myself, the Divisional Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, the Superintending Engineer, P.W.D., Mysore, the Divisional Forest Officer, South Coorg Division, the Assistant Commissioner, Mysore, the District Agriculture and Health Officer, Mysore, with the local Range Forest Officer and Tahasildar were present during the inspection of the area by the Chief Secretary on Sunday the 28th August 1960. Out of the total area of about 18,000 acres originally granted to the Jayashree Textiles, an area of about 8,700 acres comprises of lands released by the Forest Department to the Revenue Department as far back as 1952. Under the Scheme of Rehabilitation of the East Pakistan Refugees, as much as 2,600 acres have been cleared by the Forest Department against 10,000 acres ear-marked for the purpose. As the above Scheme was subsequently dropped, further clearing was stopped, but charcoal preparatio (out of the lops and tops of the timber trees cut and removed), for the supply to the Mysore Iron and Steel Works, Bhadravathi, is still going on. The Divisional Commissioner, Mysore, is of opinion that the area now cleared should be distributed among the local landless ryots. Further there is a proposal to rehabilitate in this area the Tibetans who have come to India. The Chief Secretary expressed that an area of atleast 3,000 acres is required for the rehabilitation of these Tibetans, and the area of about 1,300 acres is Galledahalli State Forest originally released for the

Contd.....2.

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Jayashree Textiles may be set apart for this purpose in addition to the adjoining Revenue lands available to make up the total extent of 3,000 acres.

The Revenue authorities are of opinion that the total area released by the Forest Department is only about 6,000 acres as per their records and not 8,700 actually released. The area of the Becharak village Doddehosur, and the Giriyur Block II which have been declared as State Forest have not been noted down in their Index Register and continued to be shown as unassessed Revenue waste. However, it was brought to their notice that there is an omission on their parts to note in their registers. The Chief Secretary issued instructions on the spot to the Divisional Forest Officers, South Coorg and District Survey Officer, Mysore to make a sketch of the area showing the extent of 6,000 Acres to be distributed to the local Landless Ryots and the Tibetan Refugees. I expressed that all the Revenue lands available for disposal may be first taken into consideration and only the balance area required to make up 6,000 acres may be taken up from the forest area, which has been already cleared. The Chief Secretary was pleased to accept my suggestion.

The Chief Secretary expressed that the sketch should be handed over to him in person by the evening of the 31st Aug.,1960, as he is to fly to Delhi on 1st September 1960 to settle the question at the centre. I have brought the above facts to your kind notice to take such action as you deem fit. The figures furnished by me are only approximate by memory as I am not in possession of the relevant records.

****

COPY

for CHIEF CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS.

E.P.

No. B/-

Office of the Conservator of Forests,
Coorg Circle, M E R C A R A.

To

(Camp), Bangalore, dated 29th Aug. 1960

The Chief Conservator of Forests
in Mysore, BANGALORE.

Sir,

Subject:--Release of Lands originally given to the Jayashree Textiles in Periyapatna Taluk, Mysore District.

.....

I write to state that the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore visited the above area on 28th August 1960. Myself, the Divisional Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, the Superintending Engineer, P.W.D. Mysore, the Divisional Forest Officer, South Coorg Division, the Assistant Commissioner, Mysore, the District Agriculture and Health Officer, Mysore, with the local Range Forest Officer and Tehasildar were present during the inspection of the area by the Chief Secretary on Sunday the 28th August 1960. Out of the total area of about 18,000 acres originally granted to the Jayashree Textiles, an area of about 8,700 acres comprises of lands released by the Forest Department to the Revenue Department as far back as 1952. Under the Scheme of Rehabilitation of the East Pakistan Refugees, as much as 2,600 acres have been cleared by the Forest Department against 10,000 acres ear-marked for the purpose. As the above Scheme was subsequently dropped, further clearing was stopped, but charcoal preparation (out of the lops and tops of the timber trees cut and removed), for the supply to the Mysore Iron and Steel Works, Bhadravathi, is still going on. The Divisional Commissioner Mysore, is of opinion that the area now cleared should be distributed among the local landless ryots. Further there is a proposal to rehabilitate in this area the Tibetans who have come to India. The Chief Secretary expressed that an area of atleast 3,000 acres is required for the rehabilitation of these Tibetans, and the area of about 1,300 acres is Gulledahalli State Forest originally released for the Jayashree Textiles may be set apart for this purpose in addition to the adjoining Reven

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lands available to make up the total extent of 3000 acres.

The Revenue authorities are of opinion that the total area released by the Forest Department is only about 6000 acres as per their records and not 8700 actually released. The are a of the becharak village Doddahosur, and the Giriyur Block II which have been declared as State Forest have not been noted down in their Index Register and continued to be shown as unassessed Revenue waste. However, it was brought to their Notice that there is an omission on their parts to note in their registers. The Chief Secretary issued instructions on the spot to the Divisional Forest Officers, South Coorg and District Survey Officer, Mysore to make a sketch of the area showing the extent of 6000 Acres to be distributed to the local Landless Ryots and the Tibetan Refugees. I expressed that all the Revenue lands available for disposal may be first taken into consideration and only the balance area required to make up 6000 acres may be taken up from the Forest area, which has been already cleared. The Chief Secretary was pleased to accept my suggestion.

The Chief Secretary expressed that the sketch should be handed over to him in person by the evening of the 31st August 1960, as he is to fly to Delhi on 1st September 1960 to settle the question at the centre. I have brought the above facts to your kind notice to take such action as you deem fit. The figures furnished by me are only approximate by memory as I am not in possession of the relevant records.

Yours faithfully,

M. Ahmed

CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS. 30/8

B.K.30/8/4.

SECRET. RD.52 LGM 57.

CABINET NOTE.

Subject:- C.164/59-60.
M/s. Jayashree Textiles Ltd., - Cancellation of the grant of land made to - in Periyapatna Taluk, Mysore District - Disposal of the lands.

- - -

On the submission of a note to the Council of Ministers at their meeting held on the 10th February 1958 regarding the resumption of the area of 13,936 acres 18 guntas granted to M/s. Jayashree Textiles Ltd., of Calcutta wherein it was mentioned that M/s. Boriah Basaviah and Sons' representation for the grant of the area for flax cultivation has to be dealt with on merits after reserving the extents necessary for the rehabilitation of East Pakistan refugees.

2. It was resolved that the grant made to M/s. Jayashree Textiles Ltd., be cancelled except for the area developed by them, that the proportionate upset price be refunded, that regarding the area that is cleared the terms of resumption may be settled by negotiation and that the question of granting land to Boriah Basaviah and others can only be considered after the demands of the East Pakistan refugees are met.

3. The scheme for rehabilitation of East Pakistan refugees at Periyapatna has been dropped.

4. The matter was discussed at a meeting held on the 20th January 1959 in the Chambers of the Minister for Revenue to consider the question of grant of land to M/s. Boriah Basaviah & Sons out of the area surrendered by M/s. Jayashree Textiles Ltd., in Periyapatna taluk when the following were present.

1. Revenue Secretary,
2. Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District representing the Divisional Commissioner.
3. Additional Director of Industries & Commerce.
4. Deputy Secretary, Agriculture & Forest Department.
5. Deputy Secretary, Industries Department.
6. Under Secretary, Revenue Department.
7. Assistant to Chief Conservator of Forests.

The decisions taken were:

1) To permit M/s. Jayashree Textiles Ltd., to surrender to Government 265 acres of land developed by them at Rs. 25/- per acre and if they are not willing to surrender the said area to Government at the above rate they may be permitted to sell it to others.

2) A sum of Rs. 4000/- may be paid by Government to M/s. Jayashree Textiles as compensation for the buildings and other structures on the area developed by them. If they do not agree to this, they may be permitted to dispose it of themselves.

3) With regard to the disposal of 5000 acres proposed to be given to East Pakistan refugees action may be taken to dispose this area to landless and insufficient holders under the rules.

...2

4) While clearing the tree growth in the jungle, lands belonging to Revenue Department may be cleared first.

5. The case is now submitted to the Cabinet for a decision regarding the disposal of the land in question.

K. Bala Subramanyam
28/8
(K.Balasubramanyam),
Secretary to Government,
Revenue Department.
20/8/59

H.S.N.Rao)

Swargashram,
Dharamsala Cantt.

20th August, 1960.

On January 30th, 1960 I wrote to Your Excellency from Bodhgaya in general terms about the urgent need to rehabilitate the Tibetan refugees in India and Nepal fully and permanently. I have pointed out that agriculture and animal husbandry along with some basic crafts must remain the primary occupation of the vast majority of my people.

In my letter to you of July 16th, 1960 I referred to a possibility of finding some suitable land in the Mysore State and to my readiness to see the bulk of my people moved to the South of India. I understand that since then you have kindly written to the Government of Mysore who have very generously allotted 3000 acres of cleared forest land in the first instance.

Naturally I am very anxious that this chance should be made full and proper use of and that the first grant of land should be followed by further grants in the same locality, so that in the course of time most of the Tibetan refugees are settled in one compact and homogenous community. A successful establishment of such a community is essential for the preservation and harmonious development of the Tibetan racial, religious and cultural inheritance. On the other hand I am fully aware that we are all enjoying the kind hospitality of the Government and people of India and it is but right and proper that we should make every effort to become a productive and creative element in the life of this country.

For this it is essential that the foundations should be well and truly laid. Self-sufficiency through self-employment must form such foundation.

It is my earnest desire and intention to make every Tibetan man and woman produce some goods or services according to capacity and demand.

As the respect for the host is the prime duty of the guest, I shall make every effort to teach my people to consider with reverence and understanding the religious feelings and social customs of their Indian neighbours. To show my deep gratitude to the Government of Mysore and a sincere regard for the religious feelings of the Mysore population, I shall instruct my people who have to live in Mysore to adopt the rules and the restrictions governing the food habits of the caste Hindus in South India. My people shall refrain from killing or causing to be killed cows and buffaloes for food and shall breed them only for milk or work.

contd.....

His Excellency
Shri Jawaharlal Nehru,
Prime Minister of India.

In choosing people for the first wave of pioneers in Mysore I shall give preference to farmers, shepherds and craftsmen, properly married and with children. I shall make very clear to my people that the local womanhood should be respected and approached, if at all, with the most honourable intentions and in proper form.

While I see in the family the basic social and economic unit, I shall welcome agricultural, industrial and service co-operatives among my people. For those whose main vocation is some craft or industry I shall like to see an Industrial Estate established under the proper auspices which will supply the craftsmen with the tools and buildings, power and raw materials, technical instructions and marketing facilities.

I shall consider the right and full education of our children the first and foremost responsibility of my people and I shall insist on equal opportunity for all the children regardless of their ancestry. I shall expect the education given to our children to be on perfectly modern lines, with emphasis on Science and technology, but undivorced from our religious tradition. I shall welcome the medium of instruction to be Tibetan up to the High School level. But I shall also welcome our children learning the languages of India and of the world in which they may have to do their higher studies.

I would prefer that all the Tibetan schools should be residential, although in the vicinity of the parental homes, so as to ensure equality in food and clothing, manners and morals, whatever the child's origin may be.

I understand that the Government of Mysore has some ideas about growing Sea Island cotton and other valuable crops and also of settling some of their landless people. I am sure my people will gladly accept and follow the initiative and guidance of the Mysore Government and also they will welcome their Indian neighbours, from whom they shall have much to learn.

I understand and agree that the land given to my people is for use only and shall not be sold or leased, but worked individually or collectively until the happy day when we shall be free to return to our country, in which case it will revert to the Government of Mysore with all the immovable property on it.

I request Your Excellency to begin by inviting to Delhi the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore. This is the wish of the Mysore Government and will enable matters to move most speedily. I understand he would like to meet me and I may be given the opportunity of seeing him and conveying through him my gratitude to the Government of Mysore.

contd.....

After having settled in Delhi the main outlines of the work of moving the refugees to Mysore he may return to Mysore accompanied by some senior officers and experts of the Government of India as well as by a few of my own representatives. I understand that the best arrangement and to the heart of the Government of Mysore would be that the funds and the refugees be handed over to them and that after the plans were made jointly by the Government of India, of Mysore and myself, as a representative of the Tibetans, their execution should be entrusted wholly to the Government of Mysore. With this I am in full accord.

I am exceedingly anxious that the movement of the first 3000 people should be completed as soon as possible, so that the winter crops, if any, may be sown properly and not too late.

I hope Your Excellency will fully agree with the main trend of this letter and call for the Chief Secretary of the Government of Mysore as early as possible.

I may add that the various subjects mentioned in this letter are in response to the various objections raised by the members of the Mysore Government as reported to me by Mr. Maurice Frydman.

With my best regards and wishes.

The Dalai Lama.

Statement Showing the Details of Lands Available for Cultivation in Periyapatna Taluk

Sl. No.	Name of the Village	Revenue or Forest	Total Extent of the village	Deductions. Kharab for village, road, katte burial ground etc.	Tanks	Kuval	Gomal	Total	Net Extent available for cultivation	Proposed for ~~grazing facilities~~ grazing facilities	Remarks
I Details of villages where it has been proposed for the rehabilitation of the Tibetans.											
1.	Gollarahosahalli	Rev.	341-11	19-28	3-30			23-18	317-33	To Graze in Doddaherve & Basavanayani Forests	Out of the total Extent of 3504-37 acres about 250 acres are required for establishing the colony construction of roads, school buildings, community hall, Society Godown, ect. Net extent of 3254-37 will be available for cultivation purpose
2.	Kylasa pura	State Forest	586-25 ~~365-25~~	20-02	9-33			29-35	555-30		
3.	Aralikumari	"	1466-11	48-31	-		8	34-37	1331-14		
4.	Handigudda Kavalli (Gulledahalli)	"	1943-00	643-00 unfit for cultivation	-			643-00	1300-00		
	Total		4336-07	731-21	13-23	86-06	-	831-10	3504-37		
II Details of villages where it has been proposed to grant of lands to the local landless and insufficient holders.											
*1.	Gargur	State Forest	997-30	132-33	-	371-05	100-00	663-38	393-32		
2.	Mardipura	Rev.	767-32	60-25	7-20	31-34	100-00	199-39	567-33		
3.	Doddahosur	"	1460-17	96-22	7-11	470-21	200-00	774-14	686-03		
4.	Koppa	"	434-05	57-01	0-34	311-22	-	379-17	54-28		
5.	Byalakuppa	"	664-32	38-35	8-18	291-29	-	339-02	325-30		250 acres to be reserved for tobacco demonstration form sea island Cottonform seed multiplication form at Byalakuppe Gomal
6.	Lashmipura	"	396-39	20-27	3-27	[illegible]	24-14	24-24	372-25	To Graze in Basavanayani State Forest	
7.	Sunkadahalli	"	357-09	38-01	2-38	18-08	-	59-07	298-02		
8.	Charapura	"	171-21	2-24	7-30	-	-	10-14	161-07		
9.	Thirumalapura	"	798-39	32-25	6-20	-	-	38-35	760-04		
	Total		6049-24	489-23	44-38	1494-39	400-00	2429-20	3620-04		

Assistant Commissioner
for Disposal of Darkhasts
Mysore and Mandya Districts,
MYSORE.

Statement Showing the Details of Lands Available for Cultivation in Periyapatna Taluk

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I. Details of villages where it has been proposed for the rehabilitation of the Tibetans.											
1.	Gollarahosahalli	Rev.	341-11	19-28	3-30	-	-	23-18	317-33	To Grazing Dodderhosur & Begavanayen Forest	Out of the total Extent of 3504-37 acres about 250 acres are required for establishing the colony construction roads, school buildings, community hall, society Godown, ect. Net extent of 3254-37 will be available for cultivation purpose
2.	Kylasapura	State Forest	586-25 ~~365-25~~	20-02	9-38	-	-	29-35	555-30		
3.	Arelkumar	"	1466-11	48-31	-	8	-	134-37	1331-14		
4.	Hendagudekavalli (Gulleehalli)	"	1943-00	643-00 unfit for cultivation	-	-	-	643-00	1300-00		
	Total		4336-07	731-21	13-28	-	-	831-10	3504-37		
II. Details of villages where it has been proposed to grant of lands to the landless and insufficient holders.											
1.	Gergur	State Forest	997-30	132-33	-	57	100-00	663-38	397-32		
2.	Hardapura	Rev.	767-32	60-25	7-20		100-00	199-39	567-53		
3.	Doddahosur	"	1460-17	96-28	7-11	4	200-00	774-14	686-03		
4.	Koppa	"	434-05	57-01	0-34	3	-	379-17	54-38		
5.	Byalkuppa	"	694-32	38-35	8-18	2	-	339-02	355-30		250 acres to be reserved for tobacco demonstration farm seed and Cottenfarm seed cultivation farm at Byalkuppa Gomal
6.	Lashmapura	"	396-39	20-27	3-27		24-24	24-24	372-25	To Grazing in Begavanayen State Forest	
7.	Sunkadahalli	"	357-09	38-01	3-38		-	59-07	298-02		
8.	Gharapura	"	171-21	3-24	7-30		-	10-14	161-07		
9.	Thamalapura	"	798-39	32-25	6-20		-	38-35	760-04		
	Total		6049-24	489-23	44-38	1494-0	400-00	2429-20	3620-04		

Assistant Commissioner
for Disposal of Darkhasts
Mysore and Mandya Districts.
MYSORE.

A note regarding the annual income and the upset price of the area surrendered for rehabilitating the Tibetants in Periyapatna Taluk.

As per instructions on 28-8-60 the District Forest Officer , South Coorg was consulted in person to intimate the annual income that would be lost by surrendering the State Forest area. He was of opinion that the annual income per acre may be taken up at Rs 5/- per acrea and that for an extent of 2887 - 4 acres it would be Rs 14435 per annum.

As regards the cost of the land it may be stated that the dry land adjoining the occupied villages would cost from Rs 500 to 1000/- per acre , and that the land , a little away from such villages would from Rs 250 to Rs 350 /- per acre. Based on this data, the cost of the land proposed to be made available for Tibetans may be fixed up between Rs 150 to 200/- per acre. Taking for granted that the cost of the land is taken to be at Rs 150/- it will work out at Rs 525750 for 3505 acres. Hence the total

1) Forest Revenue per Annum on the extent may be taken up at Rs 14435/-

2) The cost of the land may be taken up at Rs 525750/-

30/8/60

Assistant Commissioner
for Disposal of Darkhasts
Mysore and Mandya Districts,
MYSORE.

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As regards the cost of the land it may be stated that the dry land adjoining the occupied villages would cost from Rs 500 to 1000/- per acre, and that the land, a little away from such villages would from Rs 250 to Rs 350/- per acre. Based on this data, the cost of the land proposed to be made available for Tibetans may be fixed up between Rs 150 to 200/- per acre. Taking for granted that the cost of the land is taken to be at Rs 150/- it will work out at Rs 525750 for 3505 acres. Hence the total

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30/8/60

Assistant Commissioner
for Disposal of Darkhasts
Mysore and Mandya Districts,
MYSORE.

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As regards the cost of the land it may be stated that the dry land adjoining the occupied villages would cost from Rs 400 to 1000/- per acre, and that the land, a little away from such villages would from Rs 250 to Rs 350/- per acre. Based on this data, the cost of the land proposed to be made available for Tibetans may be fixed up between Rs 150 to 200/- per acre. Taking for granted that the cost of the land is taken to be at Rs 150/- it will work out at Rs 525750 for 3505 acres. Hence the total

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Assistant ... 25/8/60
for Disposal of Detenus
Mysore and Mandya Districts,
MYSORE

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As regards the cost of the land it may be stated that the dry land adjoining the occupied villages would cost from Rs 500 to 1000/- per acre, and that the land, a little away from such villages would from Rs 250 to Rs 350/- per acre. Based on this data, the cost of the land proposed to be made available for Tibetans may be fixed up between Rs 150 to 200/- per acre. Taking for granted that the cost of the land is taken to be at Rs 150/- it will work out at Rs 525750 for 3505 acres. Hence the total

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Assistant Commissioner 30/8/61
for Disposal of Lands
Mysore and Mandya Districts,
MYSORE

Statement Showing the Details of Lands Available for Cultivation in Periyapatna Taluk

Sl. No.	Name of the Village	Revenue or Forest	Total Extent of the village	Deductions: Kharab for village, road, katte burial ground etc.	Tanks	Hiduvali	Gomal	Total	Net Extent available for cultivation	Proposal for grazing facilities	Remarks
I Details of villages where it has been proposed for the rehabilitation of the Tibetans.											
1.	Gollarahosahalli	Rev.	341-14	19-28	3-30	-	-	23-18	317-37	To Grazing Dodderhavu & Basavanayen Forest	Out of the total Extent of 3504-37 acres about 250 acres are required for establishing the colony construction roads, school buildings, community hall, Society Godown, ect. Net extent of 3254-37 will be available for cultivation purpose
2.	Kylasapura	State Forest	586-25 ~~365-25~~	20-02	9-33	-	-	29-35	555-30		
3.	Arelakumara	"	1466-11	48-31	-	86-06	-	134-37	1331-14		
4.	Hendagudekavalli (Gullehalli)	"	1943-00	643-00 unfit for cultivation	-	-	-	643-00	1300-00		
	Total		4336-07	731-21	43-23	86-06	-	831-10	3504-37		
II Details of villages where it has been proposed to grant of lands to the Local landless and insufficient holders.											
1.	Gargur	State Forest	997-30	132-33	-	371-05	100-00	603-38	393-32		
2.	Nerdipura	Rev.	767-32	60-25	7-20	31-34	100-00	199-39	367-33		
3.	Doddahosur	"	1460-17	96-28	7-11	470-21	200-00	774-14	686-03		
4.	Koppa	"	434-05	37-01	0-34	311-22	-	379-17	54-28		
5.	Byalakuppe	"	664-32	38-35	8-18	291-29	-	338-02	326-30		250 acres to be reserved for tobacco demonstration farm sericulture Cottonfarm seed multiplication farm at Byalakuppe Gomal
6.	Lakkipura	"	396-39	20-27	3-27	24-22	24-11	24-24	372-15	To Grazing in Basavanayen State Forest	
7.	Sunkadahalli	"	357-09	38-01	2-38	18-08	-	59-07	298-02		
8.	Cherapura	"	171-21	3-24	7-30	-	-	10-14	161-07		
9.	Thirumalapura	"	798-39	32-25	6-20	-	-	38-35	760-04		
	Total		6049-24 ~~498~~	489-25	44-38	1494-39	400-00	2429-20	3620-04		

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Mundaly 30/8/60
Assistant Commissioner
for Disposal of Darkhasts
Hassan and Mandya Districts,
MYSORE.

Statement Showing the Details of Lands Available for Cultivation in Periyapatna Taluk

Sl. No.	Name of the Village	Revenue or Forest	Total Extent of the village	Deductions. Kharab for village, road, katte burial ground etc.	Tanks	Haduvalu	Gomal	Total	Net Extent available for cultivation	Proposals for giving grazing facilities	Remarks
I Details of villages where it has been proposed for the rehabilitation of the Tibetans.											
1.	Gollarahosahalli	Rev.	341-11	19-28	3-30	-	-	23-18	317-33	To Graze in Doddahosur & Basavanayeni Forests	Out of the total Extent of 3504-37 acres about 250 acres are required for establishing the colony constructing roads, school buildings, community hall, Society Godown, ect. Net extent of 3254-37 will be available for cultivation purpose
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3.	Arelakumara	"	1466-11	48-31	-	86-06	-	134-37	1331-14		
4.	Hendagudekavalli (Gulledahalli)	"	1943-00	643-00 unfit for cultivation	-	-	-	643-00	1300-00		
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2.	Hardapura	Rev.	767-32	60-25	7-20	31-34	100-00	199-39	567-33		
3.	Doddahosur	"	1460-17	96-22	7-11	470-21	200-00	774-14	686-03		
4.	Koppa	"	434-05	57-01	0-34	311-22	-	379-17	54-28		
5.	Byalakuppa	"	664-32	38-35	8-18	291-29	-	339-02	325-30		250 acres to be reserved for tobacco demonstration farm seed land Cottenfarm seed multiplication farm at Byalakuppa Gomal
6.	Lashmapura	"	396-39	20-27	3-27	21-22	21-22	24-24	372-25	To Graze in Basavanayeni State Forest	
7.	Sunkadahalli	"	357-09	38-01	2-38	18-08	-	59-07	298-02		
8.	Gharapura	"	171-21	3-24	7-30	-	-	10-14	161-07		
9.	Thamalapura	"	798-39	32-26	6-20	-	-	38-35	760-04		
	Total		6049-24	489-23	44-38	1494-39	400-00	2429-20	3620-04		

Assistant Commissioner
for Disposal of Darkhasts
Mysore and Mandya Districts.
MYSORE.

30/8/60

N O T E.

There are about 9 villages and settlements will have to be made in these Becharak villages and also in the forest lands available in Periyapatna Taluk. It was considered that the settlement should on low lying areas closer to the river particularly in the hill tracks both on the south-west and north-east areas of the region and that it was necessary to construct roads to go to several interior places to select places where house sites could be formed and sink wells for the supply of water to men and cattle. It was felt that it would take 2 to 3 fair seasons to settle in these areas.

It was considered necessary that for 11,000 acres about 30 miles road will have to be constructed with soling and metalling the road and that it would cost generally 45,000 per mile but this area being in the jungle and labour will have to be imported it would cost at least Rs.50,000 per mile. The total estimate will be Rs.15,00,000/-.

It was felt that at least 10 wells were necessary and the cost for sinking each well would be Rs.3,400/- per well and the total cost will be Rs.34,000/-. The crops that would be grown will be Ragi, some pulses like gree-gram, tobacco, cotton, potatoes, corriender, the first group being the Ragi, Tobacco, pulses, cotton and others second crop. Bengal gram can possibly be grown as a second crop. The prospect of growing wheat is not large in view of the heavy rain fall and heavy soil.

The settleers will have to be provided for their sustenance till they get the first crop, some subsidy as they cannot be provided with any labour and they will have to go a distance of 8 to 10 miles for coffee plantations to find labour. But unfortunately the Ragi season and the coffee season being almost the same they can go only for picking coffee.

IRRIGATION FACILITIES:- There are about 25 tanks at a rough guess. It was though that the estimated atchkat might be 600 acres and possibly a sum of Rs.2½ lakhs would be required for restoration. Besides this, there is a project for putting up a reservoir across Girigurkolli halla near Koppa which is estimated to cost about Rs.9 lakhs with an atchket of 600 acres.

So far as 305 acres of land granted to M/S. Jayashri Textiles in Lakshmanapura there are some legal implecations as they have been given out on lease. This has to be examined.

AGRICULTURE:- Government of India are likely to start two Research Stations there, - one for Sea Island Cotton and another for Virginia Tobacco. It would be worthwhile for the State Government to have a seed Farm, since there is a large extent of 100 acres of Gomal land of Koppa village available by the road side, which is very suitable for the purpose.

OTHER FACILITIES:- (1) Health:- There should be at least one Primary Health Unit. The Primary Health Unit will cost Rs.80,000/- for a dispensary building and quarters. The equipment will cost Rs.10,000/- and the recurring expenditure is likely to be about Rs.15,000/- per year (50% of it being salary to staff and the rest towards the cost of drugs, supply of food to patients, admitted to the hospitals etc.).

2. AGRICULTURE:- A seed farm to be established would cost as noted below:-

Non-recurring Rs.35,000 for buildings,
Rs.15,000 for equipment
- - - - - -
Total: Rs.50,000

Recurring .. 20,000 per year.

Recurring expenditure is likely to be recouped by the sale of seed and other products which are grown in the farm, and in due course, the farm is likely to be self-sufficient.

3) Education:- Schools:- At least 10 schools will be required. The expenditure will be roughtly Non-recurring Rs.70,000 and recurring Rs.28,000/-.

4) Housing:- For 1,000 families (Settlers) at the rate of one house for each family the cost will be Rs.15 lakhs (the cost of each house being Rs.1,500).

5) Survey:- It is estimated that the cost of survey of one acre in this area will be roughtly Rs.6/- in view of the difficult terrains and also as the work will be in the jungle area. On this basis, for 10,000 acres the cost will be Rs.60,000/- including the salary of the staff the total cost will be roughly Rs.1,00,000/-. It is stated that one Surveyor attached with six peons can do 10 acres per day and in a month 240 acres (taking into consideration that there will be only 24 working days).

Besides all these, the settlers will have to be provided with bullocks, carts, agricultural implements etc., and the cost will work out to Rs.3,000 to Rs.3,500 per family as detailed below:-

Building for each settlers family ..	Rs.1,500	
Bullocks, carts "	Rs.1,500	(or 1,000)
Subsidy for six months " and working expenditure ...	600	

A veterinary dispensary is also necessary and the expenditure on this account may perhaps come to Rs.25,000/- (non-recurring Rs.20,000 and recurring Rs.5,000).

Provision for providing facilities of markets, godowns for seeds, community hall and formation of Panchayats is estimated at Rs.1,50,000/-

Forest Clearance:- With regard to 6,400 acres of forest area, the cost of clearance of jungle is estimated at Rs.6,40,000/- at the rate of Rs.100/- per acre (as opined by Forest Officer).

* * * * * *

ROUGH ESTIMATE OF EXPENDITURE FOR SETTLEMENT IN 11,000 ACRES IN PERIYAPATNA TALUK.

* * * *

1. P.W.D.

		Rs.
Formation of roads 30 miles in length with soling and metalling at the rate of Rs.50,000 per mile	..	15,00,000
1. a) Restoration of 26 tanks	..	2,50,000

2. Wells:

10 Wells at the rate of 3,400 per well ..		34,000

3. Agriculture:

Seed farm - Non-recurring	Rs.35,000 for building 15,000 equipment	50,000
Recurring	20,000 per year	20,000

4. Schools:

For 10 schools non-recurring	Rs.70,000	
Recurring	Rs.28,000 per year	98,000

5. Housing:-

For 1,000 families at the rate of one house each costing about 1,500 per house	15,00,000

6. Cost of survey including the salary of the staff ..	1,00,000

7. Veterinary Dispensary:

Non-Recurring	Rs.20,000	
Recurring	Rs. 5,000 per year	25,000

8. Providing Market facilities, formation of Panchayats, seed Godowns, Community Hall etc.,	1,50,000
9. Providing each settler's family subsidy for maintenance till crops are taken, at the rate of Rs.600/- per family will cost for 1,000 families ..	6,00,000
10. Bullocks, carts etc., for 1,000 families at the rate of Rs.1,000/- per family will be	10,00,000

11. Forest Clearing:

For clearing 6,400 acres at the rate of Rs.100 per acres will be ..	6,40,000
Total:	57,17,000 2,50,000

12. Health:-

For dispensary building and quarters ..	80,000	
Equipment ..	10,000	90,000
Recurring Expenditure ..	15,000 per year ..	15,000
* Total:		Rs.52,72,000

*This includes recurring charges of Rs.68,000 per year.

= = = =

N O T E.

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IRRIGATION FACILITIES:- There are about 25 tanks at a rough guess. It was thought that the estimated atchkat might be 600 acres and possibly a sum of Rs.2½ lakhs would be required for restoration. Besides this, there is a project for putting up a reservoir across Girigurkolli halla near Koppa which is estimated to cost about Rs.9 lakhs with an atchket of 600 acres.

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AGRICULTURE:- Government of India are likely to start two Research Stations there, - one for Sea Island Cotton and another for Virginia Tobacco. It would be worthwhile for the State Government to have a seed Farm, since there is a large extent of 100 acres of Gomal land of Koppa village available by the road side, which is very suitable for the purpose.

OTHER FACILITIES:- (1) Health:- There should be at least one Primary Health Unit. The Primary Health Unit will cost Rs.80,000/- for a dispensary building and quarters. The equipment will cost Rs.10,000/- and the recurring expenditure is likely to be about Rs.15,000/- per year (50% of it being salary to staff and the rest towards the cost of drugs, supply of food to patients, admitted to the hospitals etc.).

2. AGRICULTURE:- A seed farm to be established would cost as noted below:-

Non-recurring Rs.35,000 for buildings,
Rs.15,000 for equipment

Total: Rs.50,000

Recurring Rs. 20,000 per year.

Recurring expenditure is likely to be recouped by the sale of seed and other products which are grown in the farm, and in due course, the farm is likely to be self-sufficient.

3) Education:- Schools:- At least 10 schools will be required. The expenditure will be roughtly Non-recurring Rs.70,000 and recurring Rs.28,000/-.

4) Housing:- For 1,000 families (Settlers) at the rate of one house for each family the cost will be Rs.15 lakhs (the cost of each house being Rs.1,500).

5) Survey:- It is estimated that the cost of survey of one acre in this area will be roughtly Rs.3/- in view of the difficult terrains and also as the work will be in the jungle area. On this basis, for 10,000 acres the cost will be Rs.60,000/- including the salary of the staff the total cost will be roughly Rs.1,00,000/-. It is stated that one Surveyor attached with six peons can do 10 acres per day and in a month 240 acres (taking into consideration that there will be only 24 working days).

Besides all these, the settlers will have to be provided with bullocks, carts, agricultural implements etc., and the cost will work out to Rs.3,000 to Rs.3,500 per family as detailed below:-

Building for each settlers family ..	Rs.1,500	
Bullocks, carts "	Rs.1,500	(or 1,000)
Subsidy for six months " and working expenditure ..	600	

A veterinary dispensary is also necessary and the expenditure on this account may perhaps come to Rs.25,000/- (non-recurring Rs.20,000 and recurring Rs.5,000).

Provision for providing facilities of markets, godowns for seeds, community hall and formation of Panchayats is estimated at Rs.1,50,000/-

Forest Clearance:- With regard to 6,400 acres of forest area, the cost of clearance of jungle is estimated at Rs.6,40,000/- at the rate of Rs.100/- per acre (as opined by Forest Officer).

* * * * * *

ROUGH ESTIMATE OF EXPENDITURE FOR SETTLEMENT IN 11,000 ACRES IN PERIYAPATNA TALUK.

* * * *

		Rs.
1. P.W.D.		
Formation of roads 30 miles in length with soling and metalling at the rate of Rs.50,000 per mile	..	15,00,000
1. a) Restoration of 26 tanks	..	2,50,000
2. Wells:		
10 Wells at the rate of 3,400 per well ..		34,000
3. Agriculture:		
Seed farm - Non-recurring Rs.35,000 for building 15,000 equipment		50,000
Recurring 20,000 per year		20,000
4. Schools:		
For 10 schools non-recurring Rs.70,000 Recurring Rs.28,000 per year		98,000
5. Housing:-		
For 1,000 families at the rate of one house each costing about 1,500 per house		15,00,000
6. Cost of survey including the salary of the staff ..		1,00,000
7. Veterinary Dispensary:		
Non-Recurring Rs.20,000 Recurring Rs. 5,000 per year		25,000
8. Providing Market facilities, formation of Panchayats, seed Godowns, Community Hall etc.,		1,50,000
9. Providing each settler's family subsidy for maintenance till crops are taken, at the rate of Rs.600/- per family will cost for 1,000 families ..		6,00,000
10. Bullocks, carts etc., for 1,000 families at the rate of Rs.1,000/- per family will be		10,00,000
11. Forest Clearing:		
For clearing 6,400 acres at the rate of Rs.100 per acres will be ..		6,40,000
	Total:	57,17,000
		2,50,000
12. Health:-		
For dispensary building and quarters ..	80,000	
Equipment ..	10,000	90,000
Recurring Expenditure ..	15,000 per year ..	15,000
This includes recurring charges of Rs.68,000 per year.	* Total:	Rs.52,72,000

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N O T E.

There are about 9 villages and settlements will have to be made in these Becharak villages and also in the forest lands available in Periyapatna Taluk. It was considered that the settlement should on low lying areas closer to the river particularly in the hill tracks both on the south-west and north-east areas of the region and that it was necessary to construct roads to go to several interior places to select places where house sites could be formed and sink wells for the supply of water to men and cattle. It was felt that it would take 2 to 3 fair seasons to settle in these areas.

It was considered necessary that for 11,000 acres about 30 miles road will have to be constructed with soling and metalling the road and that it would cost generally 45,000 per mile but this area being in the jungle and labour will have to be imported it would cost at least Rs.50,000 per mile. The total estimate will be Rs.15,00,000/-.

It was felt that at least 10 wells were necessary and the cost for sinking each well would be Rs.3,400/- per well and the total cost will be Rs.34,000/-. The crops that would be grown will be Ragi, some pulses like greegram, tobacco, cotton, potatoes, corriender, the first group being the Ragi, Tobacco, pulses, cotton and others second crop. Bengal gram can possibly be grown as a second crop. The prospect of growing wheat is not large in view of the heavy rain fall and heavy soil.

The settleers will have to be provided for their sustenance till they get the first crop, some subsidy as they cannot be provided with any labour and they will have to go a distance of 8 to 10 miles for coffee plantations to find labour. But unfortunately the Ragi season and the coffee season being almost the same they can go only for picking coffee.

IRRIGATION FACILITIES:- There are about 25 tanks at a rough guess. It was though that the estimated atchkat might be 600 acres and possibly a sum of Rs.2½ lakhs would be required for restoration. Besides this, there is a project for putting up a reservoir across Girigurkolli halla near Koppa which is estimated to cost about Rs.9 lakhs with an atchket of 600 acres.

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5) Survey:- It is estimated that the cost of survey of one acre in this area will be roughtly Rs.6/- in view of the difficult terrains and also as the work will be in the jungle area. On this basis, for 10,000 acres the cost will be Rs.60,000/- including the salary of the staff the total cost will be roughly Rs.1,00,000/-. It is stated that one Surveyor attached with six peons can do 10 acres per day and in a month 240 acres (taking into consideration that there will be only 24 working days).

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For dispensary building and quarters ..	80,000	
Equipment ..	10,000	90,000
Recurring Expenditure ..	15,000 per year ..	15,000
* includes recurring charges of Rs.68,000 per year.	* Total:	Rs.52,72,000

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M. VASUDEVA RAO, I.A.S.,
~~SHRI S. DAKASHAYAKDAS~~
Divisional Commissioner.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

MYSORE DIVISION. 75

Mysore, dated 24th August 1960.

Confidential

D.O.No. PS 104/60

Dear Sir,

As desired, please find enclosed herewith one copy of report on the forest land and suitability for agriculture of lands granted to the Jayashree Textiles in Periyapatna Taluk.

Yours sincerely,

M. Vasudeva Rao
24.8.60.

[To be placed in the main file between ... Mysore Dt 27/8.

Shri N.S.Hirannayya, I.A.S.,
Chief Secretary to Govt.of
Mysore, Bangalore.

Read. Will discuss

With two files linked herewith
(1) RD 52 LGM 57 of Rev Deptt
(2) Sy no 2093/A of A&F Deptt

Lr. to Rajasekhara
pl prepare
27/8

Extracts from the report ~~of~~ on the survey of forest located in Periyapatna Taluk (Mysore) submitted by Shri B.D. ~~Schdeva~~ Sachdeva Officer In charge, C.T.O., Bangalore

---

I went, to Mysore on 23rd March, 1958 to undertake the survey of the forest located in Periyapatna Taluk. The following State officials were contacted during the course of the survey of the area and for subsequent discussions.

1. The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, Mysore
2. Assistant Director of Agriculture, Mysore.
3. Executive Engineer, P.W.D. Mysore
4. Assistant Engineer, P.W.D. Hunsur
5. District Forest Officer, Mysore
6. Block Development Officer, ~~Mysore~~ Periyapatna
7. Forest Ranger, Hunsur.

After arrival at Mysore on the night of 23rd March 1958 I, accompanied by the Assistant Director of Agriculture, Mysore, Block Development Officer, Periyapatna, Assistant Engineer, P.W.D. Hunsur and Forest Ranger, Hunsur, left Mysore in the morning of 24th March 1958 to survey the forest offered for reclamation. The area offered for reclamation is near Koppa village which is at a distance of 54 fmiles from Mysore Town and 12 miles from Periyapatna Taluk falling on the main Mysore-Mercara Road. River Cauvery is at a distance of 1½ miles from this village and serves as a natural boundary between Mysore District and Coorg District. The total area offered for reclamation is about 10,000 acres which sometimes back was given to M/S Jai Shree Textiles Mills Limited, Calcutta on lease. Out of this, an area of 5,078 acres has already been taken back from M/S Jaishree Textile Mills Limited, Calcutta, while the remaining area is proposed to be taken over by the State Government very shortly. Thus we shall have an area of 5078 acres at least available for reclamation to start with. This area comprises of 7 villages. While surveying this area, it was found that the same was under cultivation about 60 to 70 years back but was abondoned by the then settlers for certain reasons possibly due to some natural calamities and so subsequently it turned into a jungle. The existing growth mainly comprises of fuel as well as timber trees. The percentage being about 40 per cent fuel and 60 per cent timber. The trees both fuel as well as timber are not of very big size, the average diameter of a tree is about 2 to 3 feet whereas the height

....

..2

ranges from 60 to 80 ft. In between the trees, there is thorney shrub growth which fomms ordinary type of fuel when dry. There are no creepers or any other wild intermingled growth which is generally the case with wild and thick forest like the one we had at Assam. By the side of the course of river Cauvery. we find scattered cluster of bamboos but we may not have to tackled these since it is proposed to leave them untouched for the use of the settlers. At some places these wild bamboos come within the beat of tree felling operations and so we shall have to fell them. This should not be difficult since the density of growth is not heavy. Keeping in view of the existing density of growth of the jungle, it is felt that we will be able to complete all the jungle clearance operations within our estimate of 7 hours per acre.

In view of the fact that there are some Ant Hills and small mounds bards and there, we shall have to do levelling operations also in order to get better results. As regards harrowing, I am of the opinion that single-harrowing with double gang Rom Master or Athen Harrows should be sufficient to give us land fit for cultivation after the first six operations are carried over properly. However this is a point which needs to be thrashed out with State Government or Rehabilitation Ministry well in time so that there is no dispute on this score at a later stage as we have been facing this difficulty in other places specially at Assam where we have undertaken jungle clearance operations. There are hardly any nullahs or streams running across the area. The whole area of 5,078 acres is fairly flat with natural undulations of forest land.

<u>Type of land & Crops</u>: The land is black cotton soil very rich with the natural manure and is bound to produce very good crops. The crops taken from this sort of soil in the near-by villages are as follows: 1)Tobacco 2)M.A.V.Cotton 3) Ragi and Potato. For wet cultivation, arrangements for lift irrigation from the river cauvery will have to be made. For this, provision in the scheme already prepared by the State Government has since been made.

Additional Equipment: In order to undertake all the above mentioned reclamation operations, we shall be needing the following extra equipment which is not at present available with the Unit located at H.A.L. Bangalore.

1) Tree felling Arms suitable for D-8 Tractors: 4 No.(even if 4 No. are not available 3 No. will serve the purpose)
2) Stumping Arms - 3No.
3) Raker suitable for D-8 tractors for wind rowing and raking operations 5 No.
4) Root Cutter - 4 No.
5) Double Gang Harrows - 4 No.
6) Anchor chain (250' length) - 1 No.
7) Super structure to equip tree felling, stumping and raking tractors- 8 sets.

In addition to the above equipment the Unit needs to be provided with a Gantry Crane also since the Unit has no mobile coles crane and without a crane, it will be a very difficult to carry on with the day to day repairs work in an isolated place like Periyapatna.

Accomodation: We inspected a few sites for locating the camp for met. It was finally decided that the camp should be located very near Koppa village preferably on the main road. The village is at a distance of 1½ miles from Frazerper town which falls in Coorg District. The particulars of the accomodation for men and machinery both were required by the Executive Engineer, P.W.D.Mysore and the same may please be sent to him by our Headquarters at a very early date.

Site for workshop was also seen and it was tentatively agreed that it should be located at a place which is at a distance of about ½ mile from Koppa and is at a Higher level on the main road. This is at present occupied by M/S Jai Shree Textile Mills Ltd. Calcutta and is likely to be vacated very soon.

Rainfall and working season: The rainfall in the area is about 40 inches annually and is spread over to a period of six months i.e. from May to October. The monthly rainfall as determined from the village records is shown below:

1. May	11.8 inches
2. June	6.52 "
3. July	8.32 "
4. August	2.30 "
5. September	0.12 "
6. October	9.40 "
7. November	3.27 "

Route for taking the machines to the work site:

There are quite a number of bridges, culverts and hair bend turns on way from Bangalore to the work site near Koppa village. The total distance from Bangalore to Mysore is 90 miles, from Mysore to Koppa village, it is about 54 miles. Keeping in view the fact that it will not be possible to strengthen the weak bridges and the culverts and to negotiate the sharp road bends by Oshkosh and trailors, we shall have to book the tractors from Bangalore to Krishnarajanagar railway station which is at a distance of 38 miles from the Koppa village in Periyapatna Taluk. There are only a few culverts on way from this railway station to the work site and to strengthen these, Superintending Engineer, Cauvery Circle, Mysore will have to be appraoched. The K.R.Nagar Railway station has a small unloading ramp which is not suitable for unloading heavy tractors and other allied machinery. This will have to be strengthened and District Traffic Superintendent (Southern Rly) Mysore will have to be approached for this, well in time.

For marching the tractors from Base camp at Koppa village to the interior i.e. actual site of operations, a highway causeway will have to be provided over the Girgur halla which falls between the Koppa village and the forest to be reclaimed. Executive Engineer, P.W.D. Mysore informed me that they have already sanctioned for Rs.22,000/- for constructions of this highway causeway and that he shall be expediting the construction of the same before we take up the reclamation operations. The matter need to be pursued with the higher State and P.W.D. authorities.

<u>Supply of Patrol & H.S.D etc.</u> Our railhead for this unit will be K.R.Nagar which is at a distance of 38 miles from Koppa. The road from railway station to Hunsur town which is about 12 miles,

miles, is a fair-weather road, whereas road from Hunsur town to Koppa is an all-weather road. We shall have to get our H.S.D. supplies in railway tanks at Krishna Raja Nagar from where we shall have to transport the same in our Oshkosh tanker. As regards petrol, there is a dealers pump at Frazerpet installed by the Burmah-Shell and we shall have to get our supply from that pump.

Medical facilities: The climate of the area is quite healthy. There is a civil dispensary at Frazerpet town (Coorg) which is at a distance of 1½ miles. We can get the necessary medical facilities from that hospital. This will have to be arranged by the State Government by approaching medical authorities well in time. The village Koppa is covered by the National Malaria Control Scheme.

Water supply & Electricity: Water for drinking purposes will have to be arranged either from Frazerpet town or some Ring wells which will have to be provided near the camping site to supply drinking water. Water for machines will be available from the river cauvery which is quite close to the area offered for reclamation. There is no electricity in the nearest town i.e. Frazerpet at present but is likely to be available within next 5-6 months.

Post and Telegraph office: Frazerpet has a Post and Telegraph Office with trunk call facilities also.

Treasury: Periyapatna town has a sub-treasury. This is at a distance of 10 miles from Koppa village where we shall have our Base camp.

Dak Bungalow for inspecting officers etc. Frazerpet has got a dak bungalow with 4 living rooms, while Koppa village has a Travellers' lodge which has one room only.

Marketing facilities: All the necessities of daily use are available at Frazerpet town which is at a distance of 1½ miles from Koppa village.

Transport facilities: There is a regular State as well as private daily bus service from Mysore to Mercara and Mangalore. Koppa is located on this very road. The bus charges are from Rs.2-4-0 to Rs.2-8-0 per seat.

Recreation: Touring talkies are exhibiting films both at Periyapatna and Fraserpet town.

After having completed the survey work etc., I met Deputy Commissioner, Mysore at his office in the morning of 26th March 1958. During the course of discussions with him, he desired that we may put our men in tents till such time that the proper accomodation is made available to us. On this I informed him that we have no tents with us and that the same will also have to be provided by the State Government in case there is necessity to keep our men in tents for some time in the very beginning. He showed his inability to provide tents to us as he was under the impression that C.T.O. has sufficient number of tents with them. I therefore feel that before we move our men and machines to take up the reclamation work, the State Government will have to ensure that proper accomodation for both men and machinery and other living facilities are made available to us well in time so that the reclamation work may go on unhampered. The other vital point which I discussed with the Deputy Commissioner, was, the time by which we will be able to start our operations. Keeping in view the annual rainfall and the time required by the State Government to put up construction, it was agreed that we shall not be able to take up reclamation work before 15th of November 1958 in any case. Therefore, meanwhile we can undertake the repairs of our machines at Bangalore and also equip them suitably and then despatch them to the Krishna Raja Nagar railway station some time by middle of October 1958 as by that time some percentage of accomodation is also expected to be ready. This may be sufficient for at least men of the advance party.

As will be seen from the report, certain matters need to be taken immediately with the State officials, Railway and local P.W.D. and it is, therefore, requested that necessary action in this respect may kindly be taken well in time. This office may please be informed in case any action is necessary to be taken at this end.

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CONFIDENTIAL

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

Mysore Government Secretariat,
Bangalore, the 5th September 1960.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

Chs-453 to 463
Issued
VMR
519/60

A meeting will be held on Friday the 9th September 1960 at 3 P.M. in the Chambers of the Chief Secretary at Vidhana Soudha to consider the following question:

"Settlement of about 3,000 Tibetan Refugees in certain areas of Hiriyapatna Taluk."*

A note on this subject (will follow very shortly.) In the meantime, the Officers noted below are requested to attend the meeting without fail accompanied by Officers having jurisdiction over the Mysore District so that instructions which are decided upon on the spot, are understood by local agencies immediately. The matter should please be treated as extremely important and they should attend the meeting without fail.

The receipt may please be acknowledged.

(K. S. HANUMANTHA)
CHIEF SECRETARY.

The Divisional Commissioner, Mysore.
The Chief Engineer (General)
The Chief Engineer, Minor Irrigation.
The Director of Public Instruction.
The Commissioner for Land Records, Survey & Settlement
The Director of Medical Services,
The Director of Public Health.
The Chief Conservator of Forests,
The Director of Agriculture.
The Director of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Services.

*If possible, the Agriculture Engineer may also be asked to attend the meeting.

*) is enclosed 519/60

CONFIDENTIAL

NOTES FOR THE MEETING ON 9TH SEPTEMBER 1960

REVENUE & FOREST:

The status of the area of 3,000 and odd acres of which about 2,400 acres represent cleared land formally given to the Jayashri Textiles; about 1,200 acres represent the area to be released from Gullehalla State Forest. Action to be taken for surrender of the necessary area.

REVENUE & PUBLIC HEALTH:

Location of colonies for 5 batches of 100 settler families in 5 different areas.

COMMISSIONER FOR SURVEY & SETTLEMENT:

Survey of the entire area, demarcation into 5 acre plots leaving sufficient space for formation of village roads, amenities etc.

MINOR IRRIGATION:

Resmtoration and repairs of small tanks including the area to be released.

CHIEF ENGINEER (GENERAL)

1. Formation of roads, (kutcha, for the present) to serve merely agricultural purposes; to link up different parts of the 3,000 acre area with main roads.

2. Digging of the necessary drinking water wells.

3. Construction of a School building.

4. Construction of a Primary Health Unit.

DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE:

1. A crop plan for the area;

2. Supply of seed and fertilisers.

3. Supply of agricultural implements.

DIRECTOR OF ANIMAL HUSBANDRY & VETERINARY SERVICES:

1. Supply of bullocks, cows, sheep and (pigs?)

CHIEF CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS:

Clearing of the balance of ~~forest~~ forest land in the already cleared area and in the Gullehalla block. Estimate of cost. How far the man power of Tibetan refugees can be used for this purpose.

...2

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC HEALTH:

Establishment of Primary Health Centre.

DIRECTOR OF MEDICAL SERVICES:

Extension of the Fraserpet Hospital.

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:

Establishment of Basic School, teaching Tibetan upto High School standard; arrangements for teaching Kannada for the Tibetan refugges.

REVENUE:

1. Organisational set-up to ensure early disposal of all questions in connection with the settlement.

2. Phasing of the settlement itself, i.e., how many families of refugges to be brought and at what time.

3. Most important - arrangement for a Reception Camp at Mysore for about 100 families at a time; transport from Mysore to the settlement area;

4. Arrangement for housing the first batch of about 100 refugees to be accommodated in tents; Kutcha house for others.

5. Estimate of material required and cost.

In carrying on this work, an estimate for each item should be prepared. The Government of India is very particular that these estimates should be in their hands by about the 20th of this month. Very quick action has to be taken to see that these estimates are got ready immediately and sent up to the Divisional Commissioner, Mysore, who will compile and send them on to the Chief Secretary by the 20th.

5-9-1960
(N. S. HIRANNAYYA)
CHIEF SECRETARY.

A NOTE ON AGRICULTURAL DETAILS FOR THE COLONIES TO BE SET UP IN PERIYAPATNA TALUK AREAS

--:--

The District Agricultura l Officer, Mysore, has received information from the Divisional Commissioner that the settlement of Refugees etc., will be in two stages, namely, three batches of 100 families expected now at the first stag e and another three batches of 200 families as a second stage.

State -1: - Three villages of Periyapatna are going to be taken up for the settlement of the first three batches as per details given below:-

1. Harlikumari village	...	1200 acres
2. Kailasapura village	..	400 acres
3. Gollar Hosahalli village		
Total	..	1600 acres

Land in these villages has already been cleared of forest and is ready for occupation.

The Crop Plan: In the first instance, three batches of 100 families that are expected to be settled by allotting 5 acres of dry land only, to each family; by which there will be a balance 100 acres out of 1600 acres shown above, for the colony buildings, roads etc.

Out of 5 acres of land that is to be allotted to each family 4 acres may be taken up for cultivation of food crops like ragi, pulses and the 5th acre for growing commercial crops like Sea Island Cotton and Tobacco. Thus there will be 1200 acres under Ragi followed by Hurali(Horsegram), 150 a cres under Sea Island Cotton and 150 acres under Tobacco.

Cost of cultivation will be:-

		Rs
1. Ragi @ Rs.75/- per acre (transplanted Ragi)	..	900/-
2. Horsegram(Hurali) @ Rs.25/- per acre	..	300/-
3. Sea Island Cotton @ Rs.250/- per acre	..	37,500/-
4. Tobacco @ Rs.150/- per acre	...	22,500/-
Total	...	61,200/-

contd...2

Supply of Seeds and Fertilisers:

		Cost
1. Ragi @ 2½ seers per acre ... 30 pallas	.. Rs.	1200/-
2. Hurali(Horsegram)@10 seers/ac 120 "	.. Rs.	4800/-
3. Sea Island Cotton seeds 10 lbs/acre 1500 lbs	.. Rs.	300/-
4. Tobacco ..5000 seedlings/acre .. 75,000,000 (Seedlings required for 150 acres to be supplied by The Mysore Tobacco Co)	..Rs.	3750/-
5. Togari .. 1 seer per acre .. 12 pallas	.. Rs.	1080/-
6. Avare .. 3 " per acre .. 36 "	.. Rs.	1440/-
7. Sunhemp .. 2 seers per acre ..24 pallas	.. Rs.	1440/-
Total	.. Rs.	14,010/-

The last three crops will be grown as mixed crops along with Ragi during the Kharif Season.

Requirement of Fertilisers:

Crop		Superphosphate	Nitrogenous fertiliser
1. Ragi	...	30 tons	30 tons
2. Hurali(Horsegram)	..	-	-
3. Sea Island cotton	..	7½ tons	10 7½ tons
4. Tobacco	..	7½ tons	--
5. Togari -Avare & Sunhemp	..	Do not need additional manure.	
Total	..	45 tons	40 tons of Ammonium Sulphate or equivalent
		(Value .. Rs.10,800/-)	(Rs. 15,200/-)

Supply of Implements and other equipments:

	For each Settler:	Total
1. One pair of bullocks & Cart @ Rs1000/-	...Rs	3,00,000
2. One set of implements (1 K.M.Plough One country plough, one blade harrow one pair of intercultivators, 3 mumties, 3 yokes, one pick-axes, 3 hand weeders, three sickles, six baskets, winnowers and ryope at Rs.150/- per family	Rs	45,000
3. Cattle and Implement shed at Rs.250/- per family	Rs	75,000
Total ...	Rs	4,20,000

contd...3

Demonstration Equipments:-

		Cost
1. Sprayers .. 30 @ Rs.160/- each	...Rs.	4,800/-
2. Dusters ... 5 @ Rs.100/- each	... Rs.	500/-
3. Stone Rollers for threshing ...50 @ Rs.25/- each	... Rs.	1,250/-
4. Seed dressing drums ..5 @Rs.50/- each		250/-
5. Germination boxes akx .5 @ Rs.25/-each	.. Rs.	125/-
Total	.. Rs.	6,925/-

Insecticides and Fungicides needed for the crops of the colony:

1. B.H.C. 10% dust ...5 tons	.. Rs.	9,000/-
2. Copper fungicides... 5 cwts.	.. Rs.	450/-
3. Alderax ... 1500 lbs	.. Rs.	2,250/-
4. Basudin ... 100 pints	.. Rs.	7,200/-
5. Eudrex ... 100 pints	.. Rs.	5,000/-
6. Mercury Compound for Seed treatment.. 25 lbs	.. Rs.	75/-
Total	..Rs.	23,975/-

1500 acres of land though cleared of jungle being not put to cultivation for several years past, is covered up ~~xxxxxxxx~~ with thick grass, will have to be ~~xxxxxx~~ opened up by tractor ploughing and an expenditure of Rs. 17,500/- will be needed for opening out this land by tractor ploughing at the first instance at Rs.25/- per acre.

Seed Farm: 50 acres seed farm is a necessity to multiply the necessary amount of seed requirement for these two colonies. The cropping pattern on the seed farm for producing the necessary seed will be as under:-

a) Ragi ...	6 acres
b) Togari ...	6 acres
c) Avare ...	6 acres
d) Sunhemp...	12 acres
e) Fodder ...	20 acres
Total ...	50 adres

Hurali(Horsegram) will be grown as a se-cond crop,in rotation,on 30 acres.

Since fodder will be the most important item that will be needed immediately for the cattle to be maintained by the settlers, 20 acres of the seed farm are being reserved

for the production of fodder (calculating 20lbs of dry fodder per head of cattle per day).

The Staff needed for the Seed Farm a nd for Demonstration and Extension work for the settlers is proposed as under:-

1. Seed Farm Manager(Agril.Graduate)	.. 1
2. Fieldmen	.. 2
3. Store-keeper-cum-clerk	.. 1
4. Bullockmen	.. 6
5. Watchmen	.. 4 (2 for the farm & 2 for godown)
6. Peon	.. 1

For extension work three fieldmen are proposed for each colony of 300 settlers, 2 for extension work and one exclusively for Plant Protection work.

The estimates for the Seed Farm a re ahown as under:-

1) <u>Non-recurring:</u>

1 Cost of reclamation of 50 acres @Rs.500/- per acre	.. Rs.2,500/-
2. Irrigation facilities(2 wells and Irrigation pump sets)	.. Rs.20,000/-
3. Buildings (for the staff and office)	..Rs. 27,500/-
4. Seed Store	..Rs. 15,000/-
5. Bullocks - 6 pairs	..Rs. 4,500/-
8. Implements and equip ment	..Rs. 6,00/-
Total:	Rs. 98,000/-

2) <u>Recurring:</u>

1. Cost of cultivation	.. Rs.10,000/-
2. Cattle Feed	.. Rs. 3,000/-
3. Contingencies	.. Rs. 1,200/-
4. Salaries and Allowances of staff	.. Rs.22,640/-
Total	.. Rs.36,840/-

In the second colony of 300 more families, the agricultural pattern will be the same except that reclamation of land to an extent of 1600 to about 2000 acres will be an added expenditure at the rate of Rs.500/- per acre. The seed farm of 50 acres will

cater to the areas of both the colonies. Additional expenditure on extension will be needed by way of three fieldmen for doing extension work and plant protection work.

It is proposed to establish a small Carpentary-cum-Smithy work-shop for looking to petty repairs of implements and equipments. This may cost about Rs.2,000/- for a shed and equipment and Rs.1,200/- (Rs.900/- salary of Carpentar-smith and Rs.300/- coal etc) by way of recurring expenditure per year. Any major repairs needed however, may be got attended to at the work-shop at the Composite Farm, Kudige(Coorg District).

The question of setting up of Research Stations, for Tobacco and Sea Island Cotton etc., will be taken up by the Director of Agriculture as the Deputy Director of Agriculture has no information as to what types of Research Stations and for what crops are to be finally established in this area.

Hva:8

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE FOR AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES

I. NON-RECURRING	I Colony	II Colony	Total
a) Tractor Ploughing of lands	17,500	-	17,500
b) Deforestation and reclamation	-	1,00,000	1,00,000
	17,500	1,00,000	1,17,500
c) Implements and other equipment (including Dusters, Spra yers Bullocks-Carts etd)	4,26,925	4,26,925	8,53,850
d) Seed Farm: (for both colonies) (Land reclamation Equipment, Implements, Bullock-cart, Buildings Irrigation facilities)	98,000	-	98,000
Grand Total Non-recurring	5,42,925	5,26,925	10,69,350

II. RECURRING:			
a) For the two colonies			
Seeds ...	14,010	14,010	28,020
Fertilisers ...	26,000	26,000	52,000
Chemicals ...	23,975	-	23,975
Cost of cultivation..	61,200	61,200	1,22,400
b) Seed Farm			
Cost of cultivation ..	10,000	-	10,000
Cattle feed	3,000	-	3,000
Contingencies	1,200	-	1,200
Salaries of staff allowances -T.A.	36,840	-	36,840
Total Recurring expenses per year	1,76,225	1,01,210	2,77,435

Hva:8

ಪೆಟ್ರೋಮಾಕ್ಸ್ ಕೆಪ್ಪುಲಿಕೆ ಕಮೀಷನ್ ಕಾಯೋಬರವರ

ಸನ್ನಿಧಾನಂಗಳಿಗೆ

ಕಿರಿಂಜಡಿ ಪಟ್ಟೆ ಕಾಯೋಕು ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ಕು ಮೂಂಬಳ್ಳಿ ಮೊಕ್ತೆಸ್ಥರು
ಮತ್ತು ಆಳ್ಳೆಸ್ಥರು ಗ್ರಾಮಸ್ಥರ ಬಹಕ್ಕೆತ ಭಾಂದವರು
ಬರೆಕ್ಕೆಂಡ ಅರಜಿ ಅಂತ.

ಸ್ವಾಮಿ

ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಗ್ರಾಮಸ್ಥರು ಸುಮಾರು 10 - 15 ವರ್ಷಗಳಿಂದ
ಲೂ ಕಲ್ಲು ಸಿಲ್ಲದೆ ಬೇಕಿಂದಾಗ ಇಮಿನವನ್ನು ವಾರ ಕಾಗುವಲ್ಲಿಂ
ದಲೂ ಮತ್ತು ಕುಡಿಯ ಕುಡಿಂದ ಜೀವನೋಪಾಯಂಗು ಪಡ್ತಿರುಂ
ತ್ರೇವೆ ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ನಮ್ಮ ಕುಲಕುಂಬ ಜೀವನೋಪಾಯಂಕ್ಕೆ
ಬರುವ ತೊಂದ್ರೆಯಂಗು ಆಯಿಂಕ್ಕೆದೆ

ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ನಮ್ಮ ಎರಡು ಊರುಗಳ ಹಿರ್ಕದಳ್ಳರುವ ಬಂಜೆರು
~~ಬಂದರು~~ ಬಿದ್ದಿರುವ ಗಿರು ಗುರುಮ್ಮು ನಮ್ಮ ಗ್ರಾಮಗಳಿಗೆ ಕೊಡಿಸಿ
ತಕೊಡಿಗಾಡಿ ಬಹಕ್ಕೆತ ಭಾಂದವರು ಬೇಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇವೆ

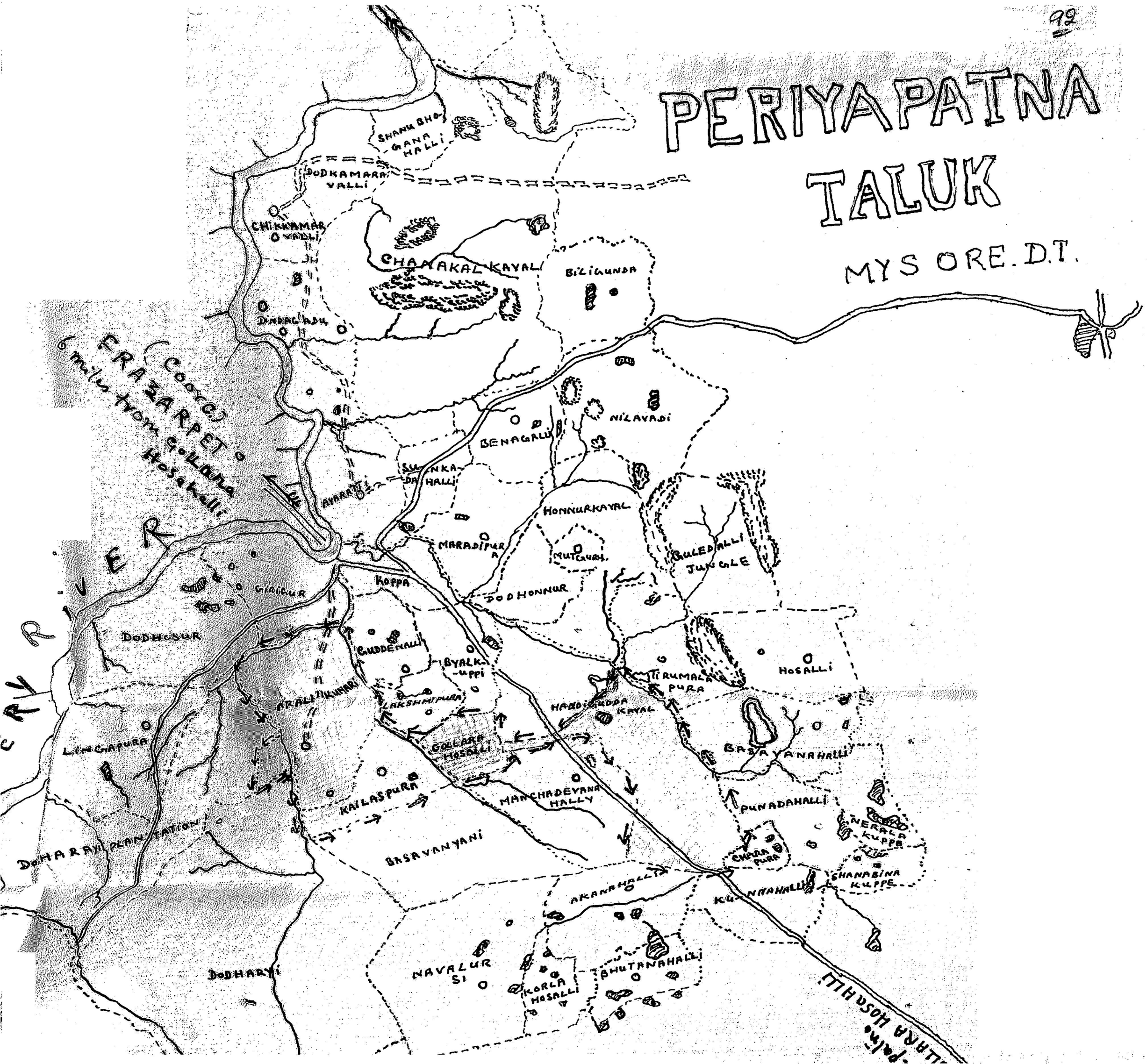
ಮೊಕ್ತೆಸ್ಥರು
25. 8. 80

ತಮ್ಮ ವಿಶ್ವಾಸಿಗಳು.

Thoramba Gowda
ಬಸ್ತಿಲ್ಲ
J. S. Gowda

PERIYAPATNA TALUK

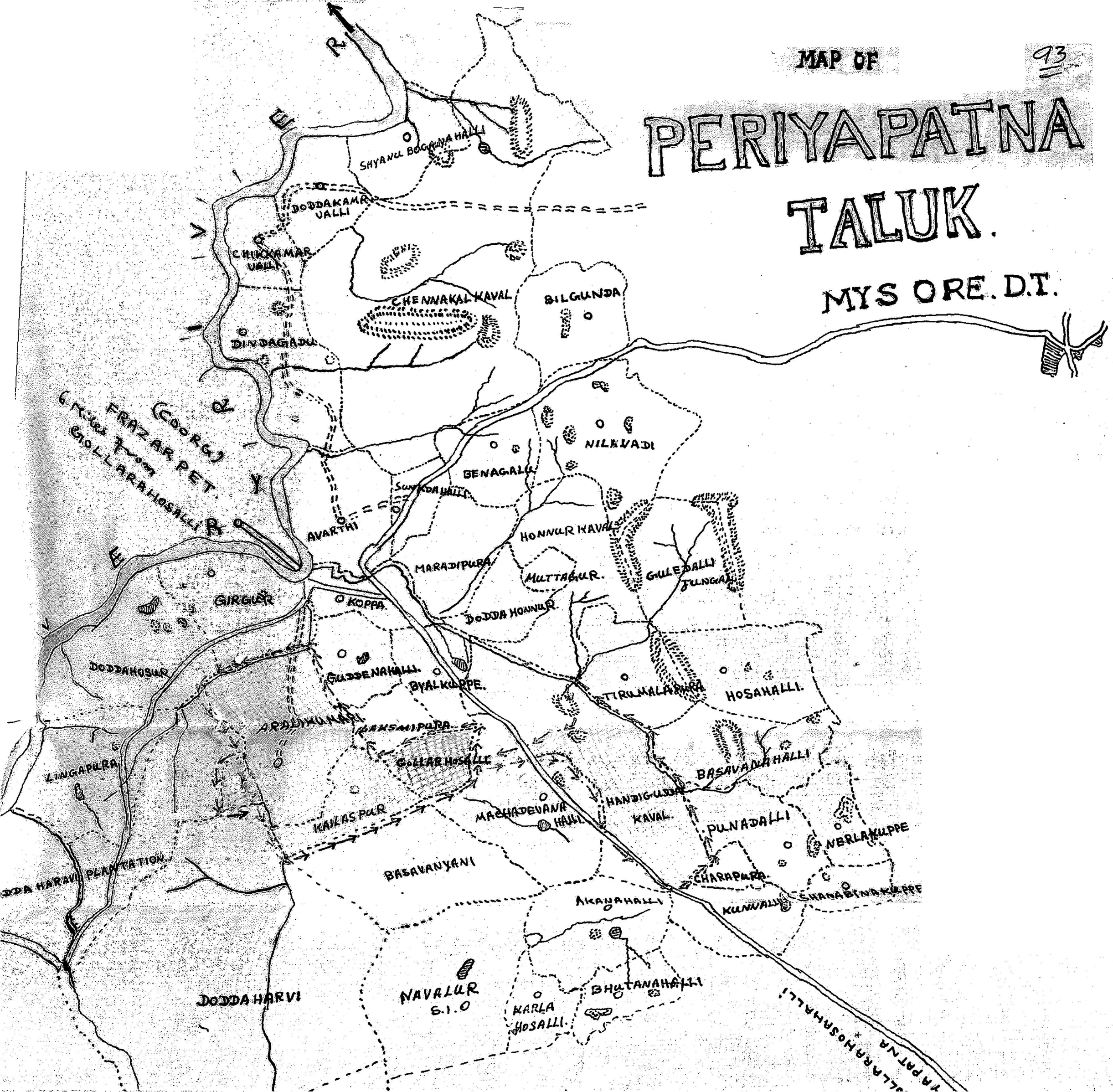
MYSORE. D.T.

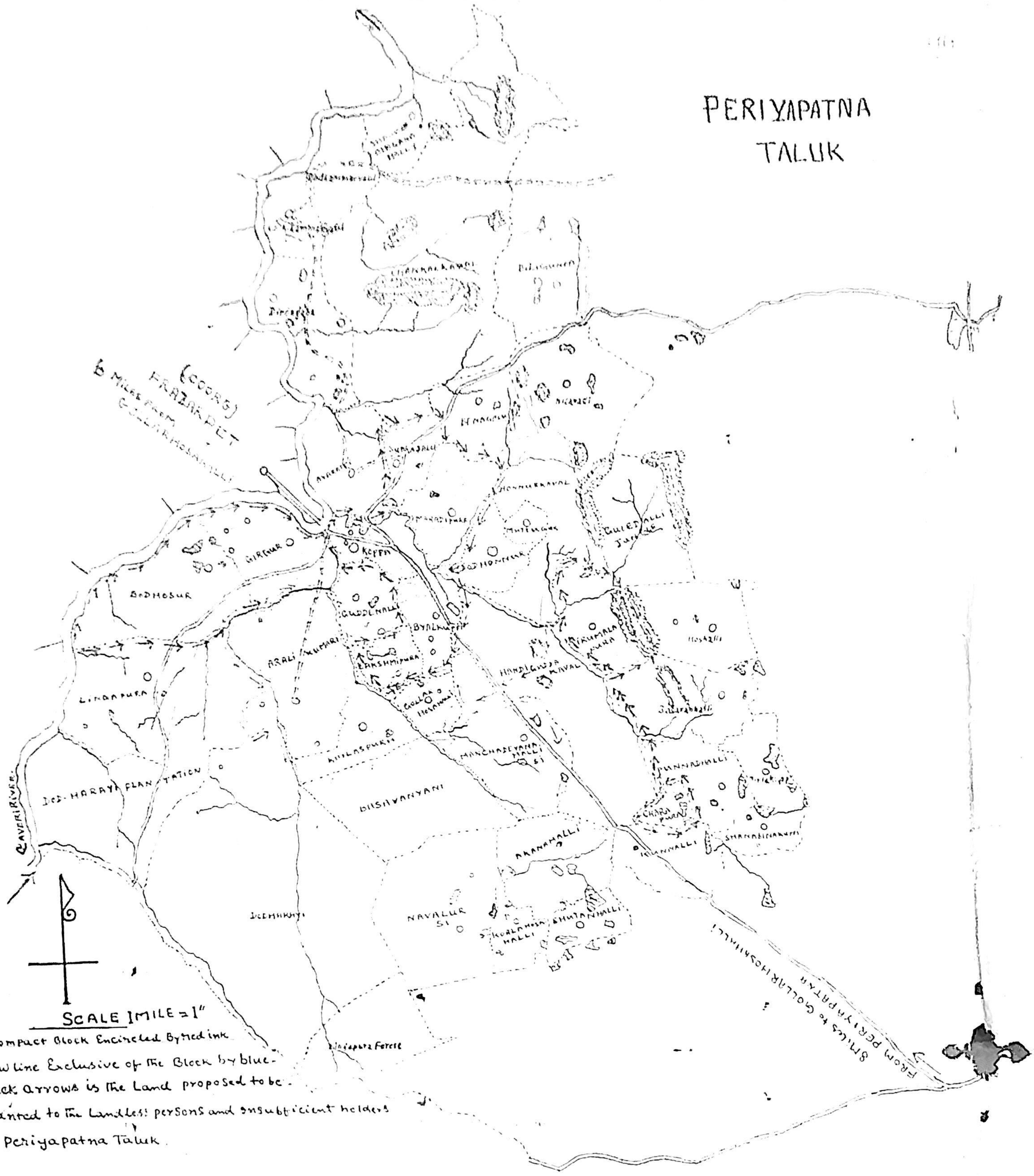


MAP OF

PERIYAPATNA TALUK.

MYSORE. D.T.





The compact Block Encircled By red ink arrow line Exclusive of the Block by blue - black arrows is the Land proposed to be - granted to the Landless persons and insufficient holders in Periyapatna Taluk.

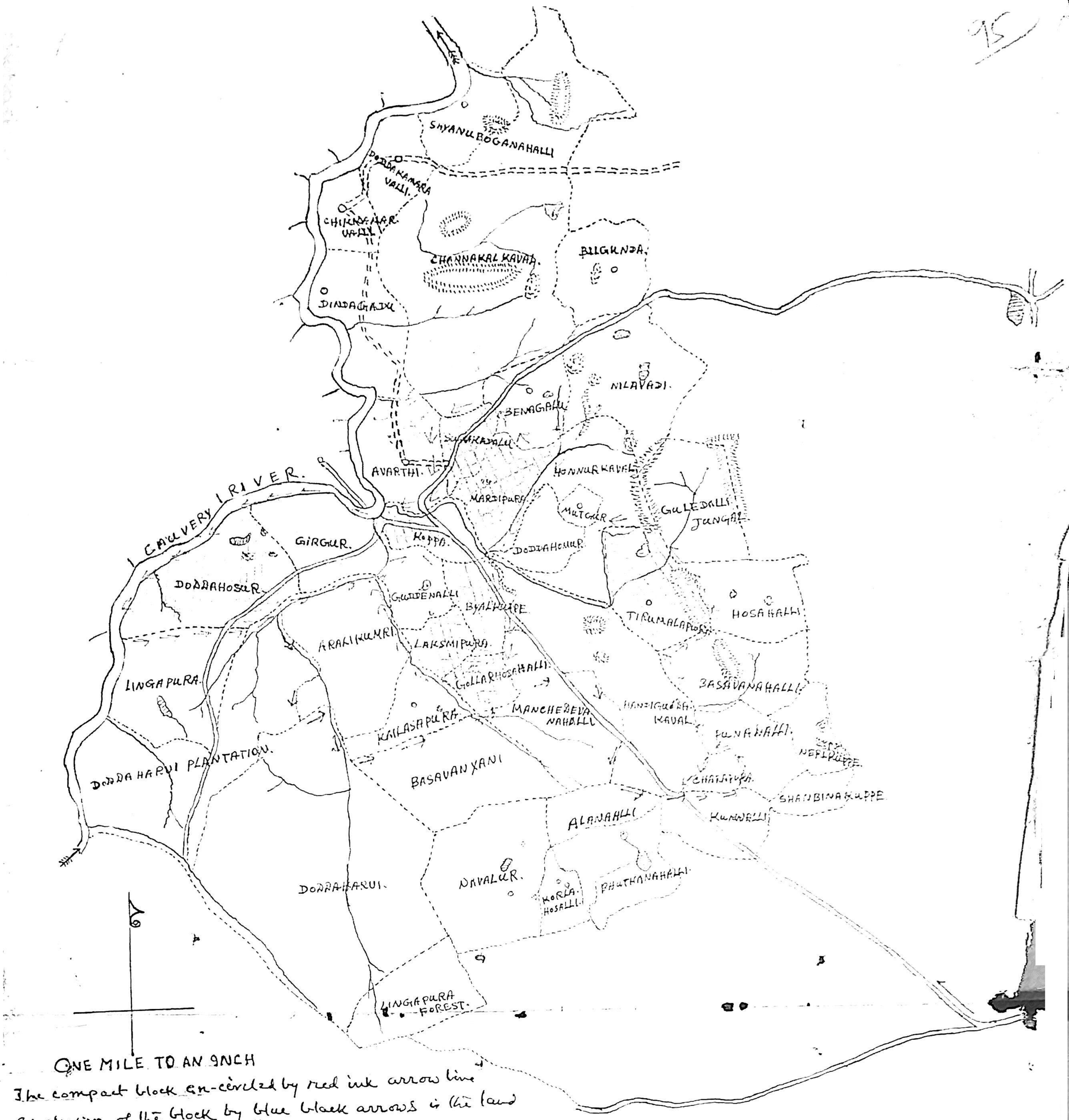
Details of Land available for cultivation, Excluding total Kharab

	NAMES OF VILLAGES	Total Extent	Kharab to be deducted for Road, Kulle, tank etc	Net Extent available for cultivation
1	GOLLR HOSA HALLI	341 - 11	23 - 18	317 - 33
2	KAILASA PURA	585 - 25	29 - 35	555 - 30
3	ARALI KUMARI	1466 - 11	134 - 37	1331 - 14
4	HANDI GUDDA KAVAL (Gulleda halla)	1943 - 0	643 - 0	1300 - 0
	TOTAL	4336 - 7	831 - 10	3504 - 37

	Names of village	total Extent	Cultivated Extent	Deduction for Gramathana, River, Road, Gomal etc	Total Kharab	Net Extent for cultivation
1	GIRAGUR	997 - 30	371 - 5	232 - 33	603 - 38	393 - 32
2	MARADI PURA	767 - 32	31 - 34	168 - 5	199 - 39	567 - 33
3	DOD - HOSUR	1460 - 17	470 - 21	303 - 33	774 - 14	686 - 3
4	KOPPA	434 - 5	311 - 22	67 - 35	379 - 17	54 - 28
5	BYLAKUPPE	664 - 32	291 - 29	47 - 13	339 - 2	325 - 30
6	LAXMI PURA	396 - 39	-	24 - 14	24 - 14	372 - 25
7	SUNKADAHALLI	357 - 9	18 - 8	40 - 39	59 - 7	298 - 2
8	CHARA PURA	171 - 21	-	10 - 14	10 - 14	161 - 7
9	THIRUMALAPURA	798 - 39	-	38 - 35	38 - 35	760 - 4
	TOTAL	6049 - 24	1494 - 39	934 - 21	2429 - 20	3620 - 4

Prepared by [illegible] Tahsildar

[illegible] Rev. Inspector 30-8-60.



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5	BYLAKUPPE	664 - 32	291 - 29	47 - 13	339 - 02	325 - 30
6	LAKSHMIPURA	396 - 39	—	24 - 14	24 - 14	372 - 25
7	SUNKADALLI	357 - 09	18 - 08	40 - 39	59 - 07	298 - 02
8	CHARAPURA	171 - 21	—	10 - 14	10 - 14	161 - 07
9	THIRUMALAPURA.	798 - 39	—	38 - 35	38 - 35	760 - 04
	TOTAL	6049 - 24	1494 - 39	934 - 21	2429 - 20	3620 - 04

prepared by
C Chikkashamanna
Rev Surveyor

Prepared by
[illegible]
Rev Surv
30-8-60